

# **APPENDIX H3**

# HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIAL SURVEY

# Hazardous Building Material Survey Lincoln Avenue and Manchester Avenue Anaheim, California 92801

# **STV** Incorporated

1055 West Seventh Street, Suite 3150 | Los Angeles, California 90017

August 18, 2017 | Project No. 210248001



Geotechnical | Environmental | Construction Inspection & Testing | Forensic Engineering & Expert Witness Geophysics | Engineering Geology | Laboratory Testing | Industrial Hygiene | Occupational Safety | Air Quality | GIS





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Mr. Steven Fierce, Architect Senior Project Manager STV Incorporated 1055 West Seventh Street, Suite 3150 | Los Angeles, California 90017

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**Pedro Rodriguez-Mendez** Senior Staff Environmental Scientist Certified Site Surveillance Technician No. 13-5109 Lead Sampling Technician #23793

Michael S. Cushner Senior Project Environmental Scientist Certified Asbestos Consultant No. 11-4711 Lead Inspector/Risk Assessor #16953

PRM/PFK/MSC/NA/sc

Distribution: (1) Addressee (via e-mail)

et helles

**Peter F. Kelley** Senior Staff Environmental Scientist Certified Asbestos Consultant No. 15-5463 Lead Inspector/Risk Assessor #18995

R. Scott Kurtz Director, Environmental Sciences

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# **1 INTRODUCTION**

In accordance with STV Incorporated's authorization, Ninyo & Moore has performed a hazardous building material survey (HBMS) in support of upcoming demolition activities within the property at Lincoln Avenue and Manchester Avenue, Anaheim, California (site; Figure 1). This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted environmental science and engineering practices. This report is based on conditions at the site at the time of the sampling activities and provides documentation of our findings and recommendations.

# 2 PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF SERVICES

The objectives of the survey is to provide information about current conditions within the site structure regarding the potential presence of asbestos containing materials (ACMs), lead containing surfaces (LCS), and other hazardous materials which are present within the building which will require removal prior to the planned demolition activities. For the purposes of this assessment, LCS refers to both lead-based paint (LBP) and other potential lead-containing materials, as defined by the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) and United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The scope of services we performed for the study is identified below.

- Performed a visual reconnaissance of the property to evaluate for the possible presence of ACMs and LCSs.
- Collected 47 bulk samples and submitted these samples to an independent laboratory for analysis of asbestos content. Samples were analyzed in accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended method of Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116 July 93.
- Collected of 134 X-Ray fluorescence (XRF) readings (including calibrations) of potential LCS.
- Prepared field drawings showing ACM and LCS sample locations.
- Performed a visual assessment and quantification of miscellaneous hazardous materials including, but not limited to, fluorescent light bulbs (possible mercury); fluorescent light ballasts (possible polychlorinated biphenyl [PCB]-containing oils); high intensity light bulbs (possible mercury); thermostat switches (possible liquid mercury and/or batteries); emergency lighting and exit signs (possible lead acid or other metal containing batteries or tritium); heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning (HVAC) and refrigeration systems (possible chlorofluorocarbon [CFC] gas); and other possible hazardous materials.
- Prepared this HBMS report which presents our data and summarizes field activities, evaluated materials, and locations. This report includes field drawn sample location maps, a general building description, laboratory testing information, laboratory test results, and conclusions and recommendations.

# **3 SITE BUILDING DESCRIPTION**

The site structure is composed of four separate auto garage units with addresses at 1514 West Lincoln Avenue, 1516 West Lincoln Avenue, 1518 West Lincoln Avenue and 1520 West Lincoln Avenue in the city of Anaheim (Figure 2). The structure is a one-story concrete-framed slab on grade building, which occupies an approximate 12,000 square foot (SF) area. Each individual unit has an office space, garage area and a restroom. The interior walls are concrete or drywall. The exterior walls are concrete. The flooring areas are either unfinished concrete, or finished with ceramic tiles and vinyl floor tiles in the offices and restrooms. The ceiling areas are finished with drywall in the offices and restrooms and are unfinished in the garages. The roof system includes built-up composition roofing materials.

## **4 FIELD LIMITATIONS**

Since non-destructive sampling techniques were used, there is a possibility that additional ACMs and LCSs may be encountered in inaccessible areas (e.g., wall cavities, interstitial spaces) during building demolition activities.

# 5 ASBESTOS SAMPLE COLLECTION AND LABORATORY ANALYSIS

The asbestos survey was performed on July 28, 2017, by Mr. Pedro Rodriguez-Mendez, a California Department of Occupational Safety and Health (DOSH) Site Surveillance Technician. The survey was performed under the direct supervision of Mr. Michael Cushner, a DOSH Certified Asbestos Consultant. Consultant certificates are presented in Appendix A.

## 5.1 Asbestos Survey

The survey inspection and sampling procedures were performed in accordance with the guidelines published by the EPA in 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 763 Subpart E, October 30, 1987 (Asbestos Hazards Emergency Response Act [AHERA]); the EPA guidance document "Asbestos in Buildings: Simplified Sampling Scheme for Friable Surfacing Materials (EPA 560/5-85-030a, October 1985); the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP; 40 CFR Part 61, subpart M); and the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 1403.

The survey consisted of three parts including: visual inspection, sampling, and quantification of the building materials.

## 5.1.1 Visual Inspection

Initial observations were made throughout the structure to evaluate for the presence and condition of accessible suspect materials. Materials which were similar in general appearance were grouped into homogeneous sampling areas (areas in which the materials are uniform in color, texture, construction, or application date), as recommended by the EPA. Each homogeneous area was observed for material type, location, condition, and friability.

In accordance with the EPA and AHERA, suspect materials were placed in one of three categories:

- Surfacing Materials materials generally applied via sprayed or trowel methods,
- Thermal Systems Insulations (TSI) materials generally applied to various mechanical systems, or
- **Miscellaneous Materials** any materials which do not fit in the Surfacing or TSI classifications.

If asbestos is identified in a sample from a homogeneous area, the entire homogeneous area is considered to contain asbestos.

Representative samples were collected from each homogeneous area within the survey area, except areas that were inaccessible, or areas of assumed ACM, within the limitations of the survey.

## 5.1.1.1 Friability Classifications

The definition of friability is any material containing more than one percent asbestos that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure. The EPA's NESHAP regulation has different material categories for ACMs. These categories are used when demolition or renovation projects are being conducted. Each identified suspect homogeneous material was placed in one of the following EPA classifications:

- **Category I Non-friable** NESHAP defines a Category I non-friable ACM as packing, gaskets, resilient floor covering (except sheet flooring products which are considered friable), and asphalt roofing products which contain more than one percent asbestos.
- **Category II Non-friable** NESHAP defines a Category II non-friable ACM as any material, except for Category I non-friable ACM, which contains more than one percent asbestos and cannot be reduced to a powder by hand pressure when dry.

 Regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM) - is (a) friable asbestos material, (b) Category I nonfriable ACM that has become friable, (c) Category I nonfriable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading, or (d) Category II nonfriable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of demolition or renovation operations.

#### 5.1.2 Sampling Procedures

Following the walkthrough, the inspectors collected selected samples of accessible materials identified as suspect ACM. EPA, AHERA, NESHAP, and SCAQMD guidelines were used to determine the sampling protocol. Sampling locations were chosen to be representative of the homogeneous material. Samples of surfacing material were collected in general accordance with the EPA sampling protocol outlined in EPA 560/5-85-030a, October 1985. Representative samples were taken from already damaged areas or areas which were the least visible. Samples of miscellaneous materials were taken as randomly as possible, while attempting to sample already damaged areas so as to minimize disturbance of the material. Generally, three samples of each homogeneous material were collected of miscellaneous materials and TSI, if present.

#### 5.1.3 Quantification

Quantities of accessible and/or exposed building materials that were suspected of containing asbestos were estimated by taking approximate measurements in the field. Quantities are presented in SF or linear feet to be used as a guide for contractor estimates on bidding for abatement activities. It is the abatement contractor's responsibility to confirm quantities prior to bidding and removal.

## 5.2 Asbestos Laboratory Analysis Procedures

Analysis was performed at EM Lab P&K (EM Lab), Irvine, California. EM Lab is a National Volunteer Laboratory Accreditation Program accredited laboratory. A chain-of-custody, documenting the possession of the samples from the time they were collected until analyzed and stored, was submitted with the bulk samples. The original chain-of-custody accompanied the materials at all times. Custody documentation began at the time samples were collected and each transferor retained a copy of the chain-of-custody record.

Analysis was performed by using the bulk sample for visual observation and slide preparation(s) for microscopic examination and identification. The samples were mounted on slides and then analyzed for asbestos (chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, anthophyllite, and actinolite/tremolite), fibrous non-asbestos constituents (mineral wool, paper, etc.), and non- fibrous constituents.

Refractive indices, morphology, color, pleochroism, birefringence, extinction characteristics, and signs of elongation identified asbestos. The same characteristics were used to identify the non-asbestos constituents.

The microscopist visually estimated relative amounts of each constituent by determining the volume of each constituent in proportion to the total volume of the sample, using a stereoscope. The bulk samples were analyzed by PLM with dispersion staining as described by the method of the determination of asbestos in bulk insulation, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993. This is a standard method of analysis in optical mineralogy and the currently accepted method for the determination of asbestos in bulk samples. A suspect material is immersed in a solution of known refractive index and subjected to illumination by polarized light. The characteristic color displays which result, enable mineral identification.

# 6 LCS SURVEY

The LCS survey was performed on July 28, 2017, by Mr. Peter Kelley, a CDPH Lead-Related Construction (LRC) Inspector/Assessor. The survey was performed under the supervision of Mr. Michael Cushner, a CDPH LRC Inspector/Assessor and Project Monitor. Consultant certificates are presented in Appendix A.

The survey was conducted using a portable NITON XLp 300A XRF spectrum analyzer in accordance with accepted environmental science and engineering practices. The protocol used for selecting components and sampling locations was that contained in the federal HUD "Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing" (Chapter 7 "Lead-Based Paint Inspection"), except the inspection was limited to accessible materials and once a pattern was recognized for the component results, fewer readings for each component were collected.

The XRF analyzer used for the testing is a direct-reading instrument that determines the concentration of lead in paints by subjecting the paint to energy from a small radioactive source when the instrument is held against the paint and analyzing the absorption of X-Rays by the paint. The instrument was calibrated to the manufacturer's specifications and was also verified, at least every four hours and at the beginning and completion of each set of readings, against known lead sample standards produced by the National Institute of Standards and Testing. The XRF instrument measures lead in units of milligrams of lead per square centimeter of tested surface (mg/cm<sup>2</sup>). The CDPH requires that after a lead evaluation is performed a copy of CDPH form 8552 "Lead Hazard Evaluation Report" should be submitted. Ninyo & Moore has faxed this form to the CDPH and a copy is included in Appendix B.

# 7 INVENTORY OF UNIVERSAL WASTES

A visual evaluation of the structure was performed to quantify miscellaneous hazardous building materials. This included, but was not limited to, potential mercury-containing thermostats, switches, and fluorescent light tubes; items potentially containing PCBs; potential tritium or battery-containing exit signs; and potential CFC-containing refrigeration systems.

## 8 SURVEY RESULTS

The following sections describe the survey results.

#### 8.1 Asbestos Survey

A total of 47 samples of suspect ACMs were collected and transferred to EM Lab for analysis. The lower limit of reliable detection for asbestos using the PLM method is approximately 1 percent by volume. In the state of California, DOSH regulations define asbestos containing construction materials (ACCMs) if one sample from a homogeneous area contains asbestos content of greater than one tenth of 1 percent (>0.1 percent). Materials in which no asbestos was detected are defined in the laboratory report as "None detected." Materials containing asbestos, but in amounts less than 1 percent, are defined as containing "trace" amounts and for the purpose of this report are assumed to be ACCM. If inaccessible suspect ACMs were present which were suspect of being ACM or ACCM, they will be noted to be assumed asbestos containing.

## 8.2 Asbestos Results Summary

Based on observations and the analytical results of bulk samples collected during the survey, ACMs were detected within the property. The ACMs and assumed ACMs found to be present are described in Table 1. Other building materials which were sampled and found to be non-asbestos containing are summarized in Table 2. A copy of the laboratory analytical report and chain-of-custody record is presented in Appendix C. General photographic documentation of the ACMs is presented in Appendix D. The sampling locations of the materials found to be ACM are presented within the field drawings provided in Appendix E.

Table 1 – Positive Asbestos Survey Results									
Material	Location	ACM Category	Condition	Approximate Quantity	Photograph No.				
		Exterior							
Penetration mastic	Roof	NESHAP Category II Non-friable	Good	30 SF ACM	2				
Mastic at HVAC seams	Roof	NESHAP Category II Non-friable	Good	10 SF ACM	2				
	1514 Wes	t Lincoln Avenue							
		NA							
	1516 Wes	t Lincoln Avenue							
		NA							
	1518 Wes	t Lincoln Avenue							
Vinyl floor sheeting	Restroom	NESHAP Category II Non-friable	Good	25 SF ACM	3				
Mastic associated with 1' x 1' gray vinyl floor tile	Offices	NESHAP Category II Non-friable	Good	200 SF ACM	4				
5 - , , ,	1520 Wes	t Lincoln Avenue							
		NA							
Notes: ACM – asbestos containing n HVAC – heating, ventilation a NA – not applicable NESHAP – National Emission No. – number SF – square feet ' – foot	naterial and air conditioning n Standards for Hazardous Air Polluta	nts							

Please note that quantities of ACMs are approximate. It is the abatement contractor's responsibility to confirm quantities prior to bidding and removal activities.

Table 2 – Non-Asbestos Containing Materials Sampled					
Sample Material Description	Material Location				
Ext	erior				
Roof core asphalt sheeting	Roof				
Parapet wall	Roof				
Expansion joints	Roof				
1514 West L	incoln Avenue				
Drywall and joint compound	Office, Garage, Restroom				
1' x 1' gray vinyl floor tile and mastic	Office				
Vinyl floor sheeting and mastic	Restroom				
Acoustic (popcorn) ceiling	Office				
Black cove base and mastic	Office				
1516 West L	incoln Avenue				
Drywall and joint compound	Office, Restroom, Garage				
Acoustic (popcorn) ceiling	Office				
1518 West L	incoln Avenue				
Drywall and joint compound	Office, Restroom				
Acoustic (popcorn) ceiling	Office				
1520 West L	incoln Avenue				
1	NA				
Notes:					

' – foot NA – not applicable

## 8.3 Lead-Containing Surfaces Summary

Federal efforts to regulate LBP began with the LBP Poison Prevention Act in 1971. In 1973, the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) defined LBP as paint having lead content equal to or greater than 0.5 percent by weight in a dry film of newly applied paint. In 1978, the CPSC lowered the allowable lead levels in new paint to 0.06 percent. HUD developed guidelines relating to HUD facilities that specified lead content of 0.5 percent as an action level in determining the need for corrective action. Federal and State DOSH do not define the amount of lead in paint to a regulatory requirement, rather the activities, or task, define when the regulation is in effect. Both Federal and State standards use the term "trigger task" activities. In the work place, employers must make certain assumptions of the exposure levels and comply with regulations based on the level of disturbance rather than the lead level.

A total of 134 XRF readings were collected from the representative testing combinations (e.g., unique combination of room equivalent, building component, and substrate) within the structure. LCSs were detected within the structure which is planned for demolition. Building components with detectable quantity greater than or equal to 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> are presented in Table 3 below. A summary of the XRF analysis data is included in the attached Table A. General photographic documentation is presented in Appendix D.

Table 3 – Lead Results Summary									
Room/Area	Component	Approximate Quantity	Photograph No.						
		Exterio	or						
Exterior	Bollard	Metal	I Poor Yellow 12 each 5		5				
Exterior	Sewer grate	Metal	Poor	Gray	1 SF	6			
		1514 West Linco	oln Avenue						
		NA							
		1516 West Linco	oln Avenue						
Office, Restroom	Floor tile	Ceramic	Intact	White	123 SF	7			
Office, Restroom	Baseboard	Ceramic	Intact	White	25 LF	7			
Office and Break Room	Crown molding	Wood	Intact	White	100 LF	8			
		1518 West Linco	oln Avenue						
		NA							
		1520 West Linco	oln Avenue						
		NA							
Notes: LF – linear feet NA – not applicable No. – number									

SF - square feet

Please note that quantities of LCSs are approximate. It is the abatement contractor's responsibility to confirm quantities prior to bidding and removal activities.

## 8.4 Universal Wastes Inventory

Universal wastes were found within the structure. The universal wastes and locations are presented below in Table 4.

Table 4 – Universal Waste Inventory						
Hazardous Material Location	Hazardous Material Description	Estimated Quantity				
	Exterior					
Roof	HVAC units (refrigerant) 2					
Ladder to Roof	Bird droppings	40 SF				
	1514 West Lincoln Avenue					
Throughout	Light ballasts	12				
Throughout	Fluorescent lights	24				
Office	Water-stained ceiling	4 SF				
Garage	Waste oil pit/Clarifier	1 each				
Garage	Box of fluorescent lights	1 each				
Garage	Garage Paint cans 8 contair					
Office	Mercury thermostat switches	2 each				
	1516 West Lincoln Avenue					
Throughout	Light ballasts	16				
Throughout	Fluorescent light ballasts	30				
North garage	Oil staining on floor	900 SF				
	1518 West Lincoln Avenue					
Throughout	Light ballasts	7				
Throughout	Fluorescent light ballasts	14				
_	1520 West Lincoln Avenue					
Throughout	Light ballasts	4				
Throughout	Fluorescent light ballasts	8				
Garage	Oil staining on east wall	60 SF				
Notes:						

HVAC – heating, ventilation and air conditioning SF – square feet

# 9 **RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following recommendations are provided:

## 9.1 Asbestos

- The identified ACMs should not be disturbed. Prior to demolition activities which would disturb identified ACMs and assumed ACMs, a licensed abatement removal contractor should remove the ACMs. The licensed abatement contractor must maintain current licenses as required by applicable state or local jurisdictions for the removal, transporting, disposal, or other regulated activities.
- Applicable laws and regulations should be followed, including those provisions requiring notification to regulatory agencies, building occupants, demolition contractors, and workers of the presence of asbestos.
- Asbestos abatement monitoring consulting services should be performed by a third party environmental consultant, to include oversight of abatement contractor activities to be performed in accordance with the abatement specifications, daily air monitoring,

clearances, verification of complete removal of hazardous materials, and preparation of a closeout report summarizing the abatement activities.

## 9.2 Lead

- The identified LCSs should not be disturbed. The lead containing ceramic tile removal activities should be performed by a licensed abatement contractor with certified lead personnel. The exterior paint in the non-intact condition (bollard and sewer gate) should be stabilized and the substrate should be encapsulated. All lead related removal activities should be performed in accordance with the DOSH Lead in Construction Standard, Title 8 California Code of Regulations (CCR) 1532.1.
- Proper LCS waste stream categorization is required for the two lead containing wastes. A composite sample of each of the representative LCS material should be analyzed for total lead for comparison with the Total Threshold Limit Concentration in accordance with EPA reference method SW-846. If the concentration of total lead is greater than or equal to 1,000 mg/kg, the LCS waste material must be disposed at a landfill which can receive such wastes. If the concentration is less than 50 mg/kg the sample may be disposed as construction debris, if it is to remain in California. If the total lead result is greater than or equal to 50 mg/kg and less than 1,000 mg/kg, the sample must be further analyzed for soluble lead by the Waste Extraction Test for comparison with the Soluble Threshold Limit Concentration (STLC) as described in Title 22 CCR 66261.24a. Additionally, if the result is greater than or equal to 100 mg/kg the sample must be further analyzed for leachable lead by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) for comparison with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) limits. Based on the results of the soluble and leachable analysis the waste material may require disposal as a RCRA-Hazardous waste or non-RCRA- (California-) Hazardous waste.
- Lead abatement monitoring consulting services should be performed by a third party environmental consultant, to include oversight of abatement contractor activities to be performed in accordance with the abatement specifications, daily air monitoring, clearances, verification of complete removal of hazardous materials, and preparation of a closeout report summarizing the abatement activities.

## 9.3 Universal Wastes

- Universal wastes discussed in this report (Table 4), should be removed and properly recycled or disposed by the licensed abatement contractor prior to renovation activities. Contractor should provide proper manifesting for all hazardous materials removed and recycled to prove the disposal of all materials was completed in accordance with local, state, and federal requirements.
- If demolition plans change to renovations for re-occupancy the following universal wastes (bird droppings at exterior ladder; and water stained ceiling in Unit 1514) will require additional investigation in order to develop recommendations for remediation.
- The oil pit/clarifier observed in Unit 1514 may contain liquids and should be emptied prior to building demolition. The liquid should be waste characterized for appropriate disposal. Limited soil sampling (borings) should be performed at two locations, one on each end of the waste oil pit/clarifier to confirm that petroleum hydrocarbons have not penetrated to the subsurface.

- The oil staining and light ponding observed at the flooring area within Unit 1514 should be cleaned up and waste characterized for appropriate disposal. Once the oil has been cleaned, the concrete should be observed for cracks. If cracks in the concrete are present, limited soil sampling (boring) should be performed to confirm that petroleum hydrocarbons have not penetrated to the subsurface.
- Monitoring consulting services should be performed by a third party environmental consultant, to ensure the appropriate removal of the hazardous materials prior to building demolition activities.

# **10 LIMITATIONS**

Ninyo & Moore's opinions and recommendations regarding environmental conditions, as presented in this report, are based on limited sampling and chemical analysis. Further assessment of potential adverse environmental impacts may be accomplished by a more comprehensive assessment. The samples collected and used for testing, and the observations made, are believed to be representative of the area(s) evaluated. However, if additional suspect ACMs or LCSs are encountered during renovation activities, these materials should be sampled by qualified personnel, and analyzed for content prior to further disturbance. In addition, please note that quantities of ACMs and LCSs are approximate. These numbers should be confirmed prior to removal or repair activities.

The environmental services described in this report have been conducted in general accordance with current regulatory guidelines and the standard-of-care exercised by environmental consultants performing similar work in the project area. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made regarding the professional opinions presented in this report. Variations in site conditions may exist and conditions not observed or described in this report may be encountered during subsequent activities.

This document is intended to be used only in its entirety. No portion of the document, by itself, is designed to completely represent any aspect of the project described herein. Ninyo & Moore should be contacted if the reader requires any additional information, or has questions regarding content, interpretations presented, or completeness of this document.

The environmental interpretations and opinions contained in this report are based on the results of laboratory tests and analyses intended to detect the presence and concentration of specific chemical or physical constituents in samples collected from the subject site. The testing and analyses have been conducted by an independent laboratory which is certified by the State of California to conduct such tests. Ninyo & Moore has no involvement in, or control over, such testing and analysis. Ninyo & Moore, therefore, disclaims responsibility for any inaccuracy in such laboratory results.

Our conclusions, recommendations, and opinions are based on an analysis of the observed site conditions. It should be understood that the conditions of a site can change with time as a result of natural processes or the activities of man at the subject site or nearby sites. In addition, changes to the applicable laws, regulations, codes, and standards of practice may occur due to government action or the broadening of knowledge. The findings of this report may, therefore, be invalidated over time, in part or in whole, by changes over which Ninyo & Moore has no control.

Table A –	XRF Readings Sum	mary									
Reading No.	Room	Floor	Side	Component	Substrate	Condition	Color	Action Level (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Results	Approximate Quantity	Lead Reading (mg/cm²)
5			St	andard Calibration Cheo	ck 1.04 +/- 0.06	mg/cm <sup>2</sup>		1.0	Positive	1.03	1.05
6	Start		St	andard Calibration Cheo	ck 1.04 +/- 0.06	mg/cm <sup>2</sup>		1.0	Positive	0.98	1.08
7			St	andard Calibration Cheo	ck 1.04 +/- 0.06	mg/cm₂		1.0	Positive	1.03	1.04
8	Roof	R	Center	Skylight	Metal	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
9	Roof	R	Center	HVAC	Metal	Intact	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
10	Roof	R	Center	HVAC	Metal	Intact	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
11	Roof	R	Center	Skylight	Metal	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
12	Roof	R	Center	Vent	Metal	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
13	Roof	R	Center	HVAC control box	Metal	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
14	Roof	R	NE	Ladder	Metal	Fair	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
15	Exterior	E	NE	Roof access ladder	Metal	Fair	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
16	Exterior	E	NE	Roof access ladder	Metal	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
17	Exterior	E	NE	Wall	Concrete	Intact	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
18	Exterior	E	NE	Wall	Concrete	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
19	Exterior	E	Center	Wall	Concrete	Intact	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
20	Exterior	E	Center	Wall	Concrete	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
21	Exterior	E	NW	Wall	Concrete	Intact	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
22	Exterior	E	NW	Wall	Concrete	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
23	Exterior	E	NW	Rolling door	Metal	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
24	Exterior	E	Center	Rolling door	Metal	Intact	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
25	Exterior	E	E	Rolling door	Metal	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
26	Exterior	E	E	Gutter	Metal	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
27	Exterior	E	Center	Gutter	Metal	Intact	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
28	Exterior	E	N	Gutter	Metal	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
29	Exterior	E	1514	Wall	Wood	Fair	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
30	Exterior	E	1514	Wall	Wood	Fair	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
31	Exterior	E	1514	Electrical box	Metal	Intact	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
32	Exterior	E	1514	Electrical box	Metal	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
33	Exterior	E	1514	Floor	Concrete	Poor	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
34	Exterior	E	Center	Bollard	Metal	Poor	Yellow	1.0	Positive	12 each	0.92
35	Exterior	E	Parking	Bollard	Metal	Poor	Yellow	1.0	Positive	12 each	0.49
36	Exterior	E	Parking	Iransformer	Metal	Intact	Green	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
37	Exterior	E	1520	Gate	Metal	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
38	Exterior	E	1520	Door frame	Metal	Intact	Віаск	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
39	Exterior	E	1520	Door	Metal	Intact	Віаск	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
40	1514 Office	1	E	Wall	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
41	1514 Office	1	S	Wall	Drywall	Intact	Beige	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
42	1514 Office	1	N	Wall	Concrete	Fair	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
43	1514 Office	1	-	Ceiling	Drywall	Fair	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
44	1514 Office	1	-	Partition	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
45	1514 Garage	1	N	Wall	Concrete	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
46	1514 Garage	1	S	Wall	Concrete	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
47	1514 Garage	1	S	Column	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0

Table A -	- XRF Readings Sumi	mary									
Reading No.	Room	Floor	Side	Component	Substrate	Condition	Color	Action Level (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Results	Approximate Quantity	Lead Reading (mg/cm²)
48	1514 Garage	1	E	Door	Metal	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
49	1514 Garage	1	E	Door frame	Metal	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
50	1514 Garage	1	S	Conduit	Metal	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
51	1514 Garage	1	E	Conduit	Metal	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
52	1514 Garage	1	N	Conduit	Metal	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
53	1514 Garage	1	E	Baseboard	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
54	1514 Garage	1	S	Baseboard	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
55	1514 Bathroom	1	W	Sink	Porcelain	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
56	1514 Bathroom	1	W	Toilet	Porcelain	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
57	1514 Garage	1	-	Parking stripe	Concrete	Intact	Yellow	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
58	1516 Office	1	-	Ceiling	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
59	1516 Office	1	N	Wall	Wood	Intact	Purple	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
60	1516 Office	1	S	Wall	Wood	Intact	Purple	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
61	1516 Office	1	-	Floor tile	Ceramic	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
62	1516 Office	1	-	Floor tile	Ceramic	Intact	White	1.0	Positive	102 SF	0.24
63	1516 Office	1	E	Baseboard	Ceramic	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
64	1516 Office	1	Е	Baseboard	Ceramic	Intact	White	1.0	Positive	5 SF	0.32
65	1516 Office	1	E	Window frame	Wood	Intact	Purple	1.0	Negative	NA	0.09
66	1516 Office	1	N	Wall	Concrete	Intact	Purple	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
67	1516 Office	1	W	Crown Molding	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Positive	100 LF	0.21
68	1516 Break Room	1	E	Wall	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
69	1516 Break Room	1	Ν	Crown Molding	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Positive	Same as 67	0.23
70	1516 Break Room	1	-	Ceiling	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
71	1516 Break Room	1	E	Door	Wood	Intact	Brown	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
72	1516 Garage	1	W	Floor	Concrete	Poor	Red	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
73	1516 Garage	1	W	Wall	Drywood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
74	1516 Garage	1	E	Wall	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
75	1516 Garage	1	W	Wall	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
76	1516 Garage	1	S	Wall	Concrete	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
77	1516 Garage	1	S	Column	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
78	1516 Restroom	1	-	Floor tile	Ceramic	Intact	White	1.0	Positive	21 SF	0.30
79	1516 Restroom	1	-	Floor tile	Ceramic	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
80	1516 Restroom	1	N	Baseboard	Ceramic	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
81	1516 Restroom	1	S	Baseboard	Ceramic	Intact	White	1.0	Positive	25 LF	0.25
82	1516 Restroom	1	W	Sink	Porcelain	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
83	1516 Restroom	1	W	Toilet	Porcelain	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
84	1516 Restroom	1	S	Wall	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
85	1516 Restroom	1	-	Ceiling	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
86	1516 Restroom	1	E	Door	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
87	1518 Garage	1	W	Wall	Concrete	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
88	1518 Garage	1	W	Wall	Concrete	Intact	Red	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
89	1518 Garage	1	E	Wall	Drywall	Intact	Red	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
90	1518 Garage	1	W	Column	Wood	Intact	Red	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
91	1518 Garage	1	W	Column	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0

Table A -	- XRF Readings Sumi	mary									
Reading No.	Room	Floor	Side	Component	Substrate	Condition	Color	Action Level (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Results	Approximate Quantity	Lead Reading (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
92	1518 Garage	1	-	Floor paint	Concrete	Poor	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
93	1518 Restroom	1	E	Wall	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
94	1518 Restroom	1	-	Ceiling	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
95	1518 Restroom	1	S	Sink	Porcelain	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
96	1518 Restroom	1	S	Toilet	Porcelain	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
97	1518 Restroom	1	E	Door	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
98	1518 Garage	1	SW	Baseboard	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
99	1518 Office	1	E	Wall	Drywall	Intact	Green	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
100	1518 Office	1	-	Ceiling	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
101	1518 Office	1	N	Baseboard	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
102	1518 Office	1	S	Window sill	Drywall	Intact	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
103	1518 Office	1	S	Door	Wood	Intact	Brown	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
104	1520 Office	1	-	Ceiling	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
105	1520 Office	1	S	Wall	Drywall	Intact	Brown	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
106	1520 Office	1	E	Wall	Concrete	Intact	Tan	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
107	1520 Office	1	W	Door frame	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
108	1520 Office	1	-	Floor tile	Ceramic	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
109	1520 Office	1	-	Floor tile	Ceramic	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
110	1520 Storage	1	-	Ceiling	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
111	1520 Storage	1	W	Wall	Drywall	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
112	1520 Storage	1	N	Wall frame	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
113	1520 Storage	1	S	Door frame	Wood	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
114	1520 Storage	1	-	Floor	Concrete	Intact	Red	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
115	1520 Storage	1	-	Floor	Concrete	Intact	Red	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
116	1520 Garage	1	W	Wall	Drywall	Fair	Blue	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
117	1520 Garage	1	W	Wall	Concrete	Fair	Blue	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
118	1520 Garage	1	W	Baseboard	Wood	Fair	Blue	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
119	1520 Garage	1	E	Baseboard	Wood	Fair	Blue	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
120	1520 Restroom	1	S	Wall	Drywood	Intact	Blue	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
121	1520 Restroom	1	-	Ceiling	Drywood	Intact	Beige	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
122	1520 Restroom	1	E	Door	Wood	Intact	Black	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
123	1520 Restroom	1	E	Door frame	Wood	Intact	Blue	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
124	1520 Restroom	1	N	Sink	Porcelain	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
125	1520 Restroom	1	N	Toilet	Porcelain	Intact	White	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
126	1520 Restroom	1	-	Floor tile	Ceramic	Intact	Tan	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
127	1520 Restroom	1	-	Floor tile	Ceramic	Intact	Tan	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
128	1520 Restroom	1	W	Slashguard	Plastic	Intact	Beige	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
129	1520 Restroom	1	S	Slashguard	Plastic	Intact	Beige	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
130	1520 Restroom	1	W	Baseboard	Ceramic	Intact	Tan	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
131	1520 Restroom	1	E	Baseboard	Ceramic	Intact	Tan	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
132	Exterior	1	Ν	Parking stripe	Asphalt	Poor	Blue	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
133	Exterior	1	N	Sewer grate	Metal	Poor	Gray	1.0	Positive	1 SF	0.05
134	Exterior	1	N	Wall	Wood	Intact	Gray	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0
135	Exterior	1	W	Wall	Concrete	Intact	Beige	1.0	Negative	NA	0.0

Table A	- XRF Readings Summ	ary									
Reading No.	Room	Floor	Side Component Substrate Condition Color Level Results Quantity						Lead Reading (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )		
136			S	tandard Calibration Chec	k 1.04 +/- 0.06	mg/cm²		1.0	Positive	1.1	1.02
137	End		S	tandard Calibration Chec	k 1.04 +/- 0.06	mg/cm <sup>2</sup>		1.0	Positive	1.03	0.98
138			S	tandard Calibration Chec	k 1.04 +/- 0.06	mg/cm <sup>2</sup>		1.0	Positive	1.04	1.00
Notes:											
HVAC - hea	ting, ventilation and air conditior	ing									
mg/cm <sup>2</sup> - mi	crograms per cubic centimeter										
LF - linear fe	eet										
No numbe	r										
NA - not app	licable										
SF - square	feet										
XRF - X-Ray	/ fluorescence										

# FIGURES

Ninyo & Moore | Lincoln Avenue and Manchester Avenue, Anaheim, California | 210248001 R | August 18, 2017



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**Geotechnical & Environmental Sciences Consultants** 

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08/09/2017

210248001 I 8/17



**Geotechnical & Environmental Sciences Consultants** 

# **APPENDIX A**

**Consultant Certificates** 

State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health Certified Asbestos Consultant

# Peter F Kelley



Certification No. 15-5463

Expires on 07/14/18 ° This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Seriety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.







# Pedro Rodriguez-Mendez



Certification No. 13-5109

Expires on \_01/15/18

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.

# State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**

Nam

# Michael S Cushner



# Certification No. 07/20/18 a Expires on This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7 180-at sec. of the Business and Professions Code.

11-4711





# **APPENDIX B**

# California Department of Public Health Form 8552

Ninyo & Moore | Lincoln Avenue and Manchester Avenue, Anaheim, California | 210248001 R | August 18, 2017

State of California-Health and Human Services Agency

#### LEAD HAZARD EVALUATION REPORT

Section 1 — Date of Lead Hazard Evaluation	7/28/17				
Section 2 — Type of Lead Hazard Evaluation (	Check one box only)				
✓ Lead Inspection Risk assessment	Clearance Inspection	Other (specify)			
Section 3 — Structure Where Lead Hazard Eva	aluation Was Conducted				
Address [number, street, apartment (if applicable)]	City	County	Zip Code		
1514-1520 West Lincoln Avenue	Anaheim	Orange	92801		
Construction date (year) Type of structure Multi-unit buildi	ing School or dayo	Children living in str	ructure?		
1970s Single family d	welling  Other commercian	ial Don't Knov	v		
Section 4 — Owner of Structure (if business/a	gency, list contact person)				
Name		Telephone number			
Orange County Transportation Agency		714.560.6282			
Address [number, street, apartment (if applicable)]	City	State	Zip Code 92801 eture? No Zip Code 92868 Passed paint detected Other Zip Code 92868 Date 92618 Date 8/1/17		
550 S. Main St.	Orange	CA	92868		
Section 5 — Results of Lead Hazard Evaluation	on (check all that apply)				
<ul> <li>✓ No lead-based paint detected</li> <li>☑ Inta</li> <li>☑ No lead hazards detected</li> <li>☑ Lead-contamin</li> </ul>	act lead-based paint detected nated dust found	Deteriorated le	ad-based paint detected		
Section 6 — Individual Conducting Lead Haza	rd Evaluation				
Name		Telephone number			
Peter Kelley		949.689.8679	· · ·		
Address [number, street, apartment (if applicable)]	City	State	Zip Code		
475 Goddard, Suite 200	Irvine	CA	92618		
CDPH certification number	Signature	1	Date		
18995	Piti	n	8/1/17		
Name and CDPH certification number of any other indi	viduals conducting sampling or t	esting (if applicable)			
Section 7 – Attachments					
A. A foundation diagram or sketch of the structure lead-based paint;	e indicating the specifc locati	ons of each lead hazard or	presence of		

C. All data collected, including quality control data, laboratory results, including laboratory name, address, and phone number.

First copy and attachments retained by inspector

Second copy and attachments retained by owner

Third copy only (no attachments) mailed or faxed to:

California Department of Public Health Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Branch Reports 850 Marina Bay Parkway, Building P, Third Floor Richmond, CA 94804-6403 Fax: (510) 620-5656

# **APPENDIX C**

# Analytical Results and Chain-of-Custody Records

Ninyo & Moore | Lincoln Avenue and Manchester Avenue, Anaheim, California | 210248001 R | August 18, 2017



Report for:

Mr. Mike Cushner Ninyo & Moore - Irvine 475 Goddard Suite 200 Irvine, CA 92618

Regarding: Project: 210248001; OCTA EML ID: 1766890

Approved by:

Approved Signatory Gregorio Delgado

Dates of Analysis: Asbestos PLM: 08-02-2017

Service SOPs: Asbestos PLM (EPA Methods 600/R-93/116 & 600/M4-82-020, SOP EM-AS-S-1267)

All samples were received in acceptable condition unless noted in the Report Comments portion in the body of the report. The results relate only to the items tested. The results include an inherent uncertainty of measurement associated with estimating percentages by polarized light microscopy. Measurement uncertainty data for sample results with >1% asbestos concentration can be provided when requested.

EMLab P&K ("the Company") shall have no liability to the client or the client's customer with respect to decisions or recommendations made, actions taken or courses of conduct implemented by either the client or the client's customer as a result of or based upon the Test Results. In no event shall the Company be liable to the client with respect to the Test Results except for the Company's own willful misconduct or gross negligence nor shall the Company be liable for incidental or consequential damages or lost profits or revenues to the fullest extent such liability may be disclaimed by law, even if the Company has been advised of the possibility of such damages, lost profits or lost revenues. In no event shall the Company's liability with respect to the Test Results exceed the amount paid to the Company by the client therefor.

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6310 Rothway St., Houston, TX 77040 (800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

**Total Samples Submitted:** 

**Total Samples Analyzed:** 

ND

Date of Sampling: 07-28-2017 Date of Receipt: 07-28-2017 Date of Report: 08-02-2017

#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

Tota	al Samples with Layer Asbestos Content > 1%: 11
Location: 1, 1514-1520, Eastern - Roof Core Asphalt S	Sheeting Lab ID-Version‡: 825902
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Black Roofing Shingle with Gray Pebbles	ND
Black Roofing Tar and Felt	ND
Black Roofing Tar and Felt	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Conten	t: 15% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity	y: Poor
Location: 2, 1514-1520, Central - Roof Core Asphalt S	Sheeting Lab ID-Version‡: 825902
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Black Roofing Shingle with Gray Pebbles	ND
Black Roofing Tar and Felt	ND

ocation: 3, 1514-1520, Western (North) - Roof Core As	phalt Sheeting Lab ID-Version‡: 8259027-1
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Black Roofing Shingle with Gray Pebbles	ND
Black Roofing Tar and Felt	ND
Black Roofing Tar and Felt	ND
Black Roofing Tar and Felt	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	20% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

Composite Non-Asbestos Content: 15% Glass Fibers

Sample Composite Homogeneity: Poor

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory. The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government. EMLab P&K reserves the right to dispose of all samples after a period of thirty (30) days, according to all state and federal guidelines, unless otherwise specified.

Inhomogeneous samples are separated into homogeneous subsamples and analyzed individually. ND means no fibers were detected. When detected, the minimum detection and reporting limit is less than 1% unless point counting is performed. Floor tile samples may contain large amounts of interference material and it is recommended that the sample be analyzed by gravimetric point count analysis to lower the detection limit and to aid in asbestos identification.

 $\ddagger$  A "Version" indicated by -"x" after the Lab ID# with a value greater than 1 indicates a sample with amended data. The revision number is reflected by the value of "x".

#### Client: Ninyo & Moore - Irvine C/O: Mr. Mike Cushner Re: 210248001; OCTA

Black Roofing Tar and Felt

Lab ID-Version \$\$: 8259028-1

Client: Ninyo & Moore - Irvine C/O: Mr. Mike Cushner Re: 210248001; OCTA 6310 Rothway St., Houston, TX 77040 (800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Date of Sampling: 07-28-2017 Date of Receipt: 07-28-2017 Date of Report: 08-02-2017

#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

#### Location: 4, 1514-1520, Eastern (North) - Parapet Wall Asphalt Sheeting

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Black Roofing Shingle with Gray Pebbles	ND
Black Roofing Tar	ND
Gray Cementitious Material	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content: 15% Glass Fibers	
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory. The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government. EMLab P&K reserves the right to dispose of all samples after a period of thirty (30) days, according to all state and federal guidelines, unless otherwise specified.

Inhomogeneous samples are separated into homogeneous subsamples and analyzed individually. ND means no fibers were detected. When detected, the minimum detection and reporting limit is less than 1% unless point counting is performed. Floor tile samples may contain large amounts of interference material and it is recommended that the sample be analyzed by gravimetric point count analysis to lower the detection limit and to aid in asbestos identification.

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Date of Sampling: 07-28-2017 Date of Receipt: 07-28-2017

Date of Report: 08-02-2017

Client: Ninyo & Moore - Irvine C/O: Mr. Mike Cushner Re: 210248001; OCTA

ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

# Location: 5, 1514-1520, Central - Parapet Wall Asphalt Sheeting Lab ID-Version<sup>‡</sup>: 8259029-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Black Roofing Shingle with Gray Pebbles	ND
Black Roofing Tar	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content: 10% Glass Fibers	
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

#### Location: 6, 1514-1520, Western (South) - Parapet Wall Asphalt Sheeting

LaD ID- version 1: 62.990.00-1	L	ab ID	-Version <sup>†</sup> :	8259030-1
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Lab ID-Version 1: 8259031-1

Lab ID-Version<sup>‡</sup>: 8259032-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content	
Black Roofing Shingle with Gray Pebbles	ND	
Black Roofing Tar	ND	
Composite Non-Asbestos Content: 10% Glass Fibers		
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Poor		

#### Location: 7, 1514-1520, Eastern (Central) - Penetration Mastic

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray/Black Roofing Mastic with Pebbles	10% Chrysotile
Black Roofing Tar	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

#### Location: 8, 1514-1520, Central (Central) - Penetration Mastic

 Sample Layers
 Asbestos Content

 Black Roofing Mastic
 10% Chrysotile

 Black Roofing Tar
 ND

 Sample Composite Homogeneity:
 Poor

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Inhomogeneous samples are separated into homogeneous subsamples and analyzed individually. ND means no fibers were detected. When detected, the minimum detection and reporting limit is less than 1% unless point counting is performed. Floor tile samples may contain large amounts of interference material and it is recommended that the sample be analyzed by gravimetric point count analysis to lower the detection limit and to aid in asbestos identification.

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259033-1

Lab ID-Version<sup>‡</sup>: 8259034-1

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259035-1

Lab ID-Version #: 8259036-1

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Date of Sampling: 07-28-2017 Date of Receipt: 07-28-2017 Date of Report: 08-02-2017

#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

#### Location: 9, 1514-1520, Western (Central) - Penetration Mastic

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray/Black Roofing Mastic with Pebbles	10% Chrysotile
Black Roofing Tar	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Poor	

#### Location: 10, 1514-1520, At Roof NE - Expansion Joint

Client: Ninyo & Moore - Irvine

C/O: Mr. Mike Cushner

Re: 210248001; OCTA

	•
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray Expansion Joint with Yellow Foam	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Moderate	

#### Location: 11, 1514-1520, At Perimeter NW - Expansion Joint

,,,	
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray Expansion Joint with Black Coating	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Moderate	

#### Location: 12, 1514-1520, At Perimeter North - Expansion Joint

Sample LayersAsbestos ContentGray Expansion Joint with Yellow FoamNDSample Composite Homogeneity:Moderate

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory. The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government. EMLab P&K reserves the right to dispose of all samples after a period of thirty (30) days, according to all state and federal guidelines, unless otherwise specified.

Inhomogeneous samples are separated into homogeneous subsamples and analyzed individually. ND means no fibers were detected. When detected, the minimum detection and reporting limit is less than 1% unless point counting is performed. Floor tile samples may contain large amounts of interference material and it is recommended that the sample be analyzed by gravimetric point count analysis to lower the detection limit and to aid in asbestos identification.

Lab ID-Version‡: 8259037-1

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Client: Ninyo & Moore - Irvine C/O: Mr. Mike Cushner Re: 210248001; OCTA Date of Sampling: 07-28-2017 Date of Receipt: 07-28-2017 Date of Report: 08-02-2017

#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

#### Location: 13, 1514-1520, Central at HVAC Seams - Mastic

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray/Black Roofing Mastic	10% Chrysotile
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Moderate	

# Location: 14, 1514-1520, HVAC at Seams (Central) - Mastic Lab ID-Version‡: 8259038-1 Sample Layers Asbestos Content Gray/Black Roofing Mastic 10% Chrysotile Sample Composite Homogeneity: Moderate

#### Location: 15, 1514-1520, HVAC at Seams (Central) - Mastic

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray/Black Roofing Mastic	10% Chrysotile
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Moderate	

#### Location: 16, 1514, Office Wall (N) - Drywall and Joint Compound

Lab ID-Version<sup>‡</sup>: 8259040-1

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259039-1

Location: 10, 1914, Onice Wan (11) - Diywan and Joint	
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
White Drywall with Brown Paper	ND
White Joint Compound	ND
Cream Tape	ND
White Texture with Multilayered Paint	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	15% Cellulose
	< 1% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

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Client: Ninyo & Moore - Irvine C/O: Mr. Mike Cushner Re: 210248001; OCTA Date of Sampling: 07-28-2017 Date of Receipt: 07-28-2017 Date of Report: 08-02-2017

#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

#### Location: 17, 1514, Garage Wall (W) - Drywall and Joint Compound Lab ID-Version<sup>‡</sup>: 8259041-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
White Drywall with Brown Paper	ND
White Foam with Blue Paint	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	15% Cellulose
	< 1% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Moderate

# Location: 18, 1514, Restroom Ceiling (C) - Drywall and Joint Compound Lab ID-Version<sup>‡</sup>: 8259042-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Pink Drywall with Brown Paper	ND
White Joint Compound with Gray Paint	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	15% Cellulose
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Moderate

## Location: 19, 1514, NE Floor at Office - 1x1 VFT Gray and Mastic

Lab ID-Version‡: 8259043-1

· · ·	
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray Floor Tile	ND
Yellow Mastic	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Moderate

#### Location: 20, 1514, Central Floor at Office - 1x1 VFT Gray and Mastic

Lab ID-Version‡: 8259044-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray Floor Tile	ND
Yellow Mastic with White Compound	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Moderate	

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Date of Sampling: 07-28-2017 Date of Receipt: 07-28-2017 Date of Report: 08-02-2017

#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

#### Location: 21, 1514, NW Floor at Office - 1x1 VFT Grav and Mastic

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray Floor Tile	ND
Yellow Mastic	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Moderate	

#### Location: 22, 1514, Restroom Floor (N) - VF Sheeting and Mastic

Lab ID-Version‡: 8259046-1

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259045-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray Sheet Flooring with Fibrous Backing	ND
White Mastic	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	5% Synthetic Fibers
	2% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Moderate

#### Location: 23, 1514, Restroom Floor (Central) - VF Sheeting and Mastic

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259047-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Tan Sheet Flooring with Fibrous Backing	ND
Cream Mastic	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	10% Cellulose 2% Synthetic Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Moderate

#### Location: 24, 1514, Office at (E) Ceiling - Acoustic Ceiling (Popcorn)

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259048-1 Sample Layers Asbestos Content White Popcorn Ceiling ND Sample Composite Homogeneity: Good

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#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

#### Location: 25, 1514, Office at (W) Ceiling - Acoustic Ceiling (Popcorn) Lab ID-Version<sup>‡</sup>: 8259049-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
White Popcorn Ceiling	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Good

#### Location: 26, 1514, Office at (C) Ceiling - Acoustic Ceiling (Popcorn)

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
White Popcorn Ceiling	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Good

#### Location: 27, 1514, At Office Wall (NE) - Cove Base/Black/Mastic

Lab ID-Version‡: 8259051-1

Lab ID-Version #: 8259050-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Black Baseboard	ND
Yellow Mastic	ND
Brown Mastic	ND
White Texture with Beige Paper	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	3% Cellulose
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

#### Location: 28, 1516, Office (E) Wall - Drywall and Joint Compound

Lab ID-Version‡: 8259052-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
White Drywall with Brown Paper	ND
White Joint Compound with Gray Paint	ND
White Joint Compound with White Paint	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	10% Cellulose
	< 1% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

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#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

Location: 29, 1516, Restroom (Ceiling) - Drywall and Joint Compound

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Brown Drywall with Brown/Green Paper	ND
White Joint Compound	ND
Cream Tape	ND
White Texture with Light Gray Paint	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	15% Cellulose
	< 1% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

#### Location: 30, 1516, Garage Wall (W) - Drywall and Joint Compound

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259054-1

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259053-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
White Drywall with Brown Paper	ND
White Joint Compound with Off-White Paint	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	15% Cellulose
	< 1% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

#### Location: 31, 1516, Front Office (N) - Acoustic Ceiling (Popcorn)

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259055-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Off-White Popcorn Ceiling	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Good

#### Location: 32, 1516, Back Office (CTR) - Acoustic Ceiling (Popcorn)

Lab ID-Version \$\$: 8259056-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Off-White Popcorn Ceiling	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Good

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#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

#### Location: 33, 1516, Back Office (CTR) - Acoustic Ceiling (Popcorn) Lab ID-Version 1: 8259057-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Off-White Popcorn Ceiling	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Good

Location: 34, 1518, Restroom Ceiling - Drywall and Join	nt Compound Lab ID-Version‡: 825905	
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content	
White Drywall with Brown Paper	ND	
White Joint Compound	ND	
Cream Tape	ND	
White Texture with Gray Paint	ND	
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	15% Cellulose < 1% Glass Fibers	
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor	

#### Location: 35, 1518, Back Office Wall (E) -Drywall and Joint Compound

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259059-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
White Drywall with Brown Paper	ND
White Joint Compound	ND
Cream Tape	ND
White Texture with Multilayered Paint	ND
White Joint Compound with Cream Paint	ND
White Joint Compound with Red Paint	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	15% Cellulose
	< 1% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

#### Location: 36, 1518, Office Wall (W) -Drywall and Joint Compound

Lab ID-Version‡: 8259060-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
White Drywall with Brown Paper	ND
White Joint Compound with Red Paint	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	10% Cellulose < 1% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

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6310 Rothway St., Houston, TX 77040

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259061-1

Lab ID-Version 1: 8259063-1

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#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

#### Location: 37, 1518, Restroom NE Floor - VF Sheeting

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Gray Sheet Flooring with Fibrous Backing	15% Chrysotile
Tan Mastic	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Moderate	

# Location: 38, 1518, Restroom NW Floor - VF SheetingLab ID-Version \$: 8259062-1Sample LayersAsbestos ContentGray Sheet Flooring with Fibrous Backing15% ChrysotileTan MasticNDSample Composite Homogeneity:Moderate

#### Location: 39, 1518, Office Back at NE - Acoustic Ceiling (Popcorn)

 Sample Layers
 Asbestos Content

 Off-White Popcorn Ceiling
 ND

 Sample Composite Homogeneity:
 Good

# Location: 40, 1518, Office Front (CTR) - Acoustic Ceiling (Popcorn) Lab ID-Version \$\$: 8259064-1 Sample Layers Asbestos Content Off-White Popcorn Ceiling ND

Sample Composite Homogeneity: Good

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Date of Sampling: 07-28-2017 Date of Receipt: 07-28-2017 Date of Report: 08-02-2017

#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

#### Location: 41, 1518, Office Front (CTR) - Acoustic Ceiling (Popcorn) Lab ID-Version \$\$: 8259065-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Off-White Popcorn Ceiling	ND
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Good

Location: 42, 1518, Office (Back) (E) Floor - 1x1 Gray V	FT and Mastic Lab ID-Version‡: 8259066-1
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Dark Gray Floor Tile	ND
Tan Mastic	ND
Black Mastic	3% Chrysotile
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Poor	

#### Location: 43 1518 Office (Back) (W) Floor - 1x1 Grav VFT and Mastic

Location: 10, 1010, Office (Buck) (W) 11001 IAI Orug	
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Dark Gray Floor Tile	ND
Tan Mastic	ND
Black Mastic	3% Chrysotile
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor

#### Location: 44 1518 Office (Front) (CTR) Floor - 1v1 Grav VET and Mastic

Lab ID-Version<sup>†</sup>: 8259067-1

Location: 44, 1516, Office (F10iit) (CTR) F1001 - 1XI Gray VF1 and Wastic Lab ID-Version, 8259008	
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
Dark Gray Floor Tile	ND
Tan Mastic	ND
Black Mastic	5% Chrysotile
Sample Composite Homogeneity: Poor	

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Lab ID-Version \$\$: 8259069-1

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#### ASBESTOS PLM REPORT: EPA-600/M4-82-020 & EPA METHOD 600/R-93-116

Location: 45, 1518, Front Office E Wall - Drywall and Joint Compound

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
White Drywall with Brown Paper	ND
White Joint Compound with Blue Paint	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	10% Cellulose
	< 1% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Moderate

Location: 46, 1518, Restroom Ceiling (CTR) - Drywall a	and Joint Compound Lab ID-Version <sup>‡</sup> : 8259070-1
Sample Layers	Asbestos Content
White Drywall with Brown Paper	ND
White Joint Compound with Blue Paint	ND
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	10% Cellulose < 1% Glass Fibers
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Moderate

#### Location: 47, 1518, Back Office E/Upper Wall - Drywall and Joint Compound Lab

Lab ID-Version<sup>‡</sup>: 8259071-1

Sample Layers	Asbestos Content					
White Drywall with Brown Paper	ND					
White Joint Compound	ND					
Cream Tape	ND					
White Texture with Multilayered Paint	ND					
Composite Non-Asbestos Content:	15% Cellulose < 1% Glass Fibers					
Sample Composite Homogeneity:	Poor					

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75 Goddard. 1	Suite 200	Project	No.: 7.1	0248001			Sampled	By: Pedro Rodriguez	,					
vine, CA 926	18	Project	Manager:	Michael Cushrie	r		prodriquez@ninyoandmoore.com Ec					mlah		
1: (849) 753-7070 <u>mcushner@ninvoandmoore.com</u>								Trel:						
ax: ( <b>349) 753-70</b> 7	'i					•	<u> </u>	·	Fax:	J <b>U</b>	A STATE OF LAND OF LAND			
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(249) 758-7070	•	mousnner@ninypa	<u>nomoore.co</u>	μŢ				Faz'		•		
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# **APPENDIX D**

Photographs

Ninyo & Moore | Lincoln Avenue and Manchester Avenue, Anaheim, California | 210248001 R | August 18, 2017



## Photograph 1: General view of the site structure.



Photograph 2:

View of the asbestos containing penetration mastic and HVAC seam mastic.

**FIGURE D-1** 

PHOTOGRAPHS

LINCOLN AVENUE AND MANCHESTER AVENUE ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA





Photograph 3: View of the asbestos containing vinyl floor sheeting in Unit 1518 restroom.



Photograph 4:

View of the asbestos containing 1' x 1' gray vinyl floor tile and mastic in Unit 1518.

## **FIGURE D-2**

# PHOTOGRAPHS

LINCOLN AVENUE AND MANCHESTER AVENUE ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA





Photograph 5: View of the lead-containing paint on bollards with paint in a poor condition.



Photograph 6:

View of the lead-containing paint sewer grate in a poor condition.

**FIGURE D-3** 

**PHOTOGRAPHS** 



LINCOLN AVENUE AND MANCHESTER AVENUE ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA



Photograph 7: View of the lead-containing white ceramic wall tile and baseboard in Unit 1516 office.



Photograph 8:

View of the lead-containing white wood crown molding in Unit 1516 office and break room.

#### **FIGURE D-4**

# PHOTOGRAPHS

LINCOLN AVENUE AND MANCHESTER AVENUE ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA





#### Photograph 9: View of exterior rooftop HVAC units.



Photograph 10:

View of bird droppings at exterior roof access ladder.

**FIGURE D-5** 

**PHOTOGRAPHS** 



LINCOLN AVENUE AND MANCHESTER AVENUE ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA



## Photograph 11: View of representative fluorescent lights and ballasts.



Photograph 12:

View of representative mercury-containing thermostat switches.

**FIGURE D-6** 

PHOTOGRAPHS

LINCOLN AVENUE AND MANCHESTER AVENUE ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA





## Photograph 13: View of paint cans.



# Photograph 14:

View of oil staining located in Unit 1514.

FIGURE D-7

**PHOTOGRAPHS** 



LINCOLN AVENUE AND MANCHESTER AVENUE ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA



Photograph 15: View of either oil pit or clarifier located in Unit 1514.

FIGURE D-8

PHOTOGRAPHS

LINCOLN AVENUE AND MANCHESTER AVENUE ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA



# **APPENDIX E**

Field Drawing

Ninyo & Moore | Lincoln Avenue and Manchester Avenue, Anaheim, California | 210248001 R | August 18, 2017





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