Multi-County Goods Movement Action Plan















Briefing to the OCTA Board

January 22, 2007

Building an Action Plan

8. Multi-County Goods Movement Action Plan

7. Mitigating the Effect of Goods Movement

6. Strategies for Improving Goods Movement

5. Community, Environmental, & Economic Impacts

4. Assess Growth in Freight Demand

3. Compile and Collect Goods Movement Data

2. Outreach Assistance

1. Project Management / Administration



Community Concerns about Environmental and Health Impacts Grade Crossings Highway Congestion, Delay and Maintenance Inadequate Funding Mainline Rail Capacity and Impacts of Additional Trackage **Changes in Regional Shipping and Transloading** Shifting of Land Uses and Development Patterns **Truck Safety Security** Truck Access and Turnaround Times at Goods Movement Facilities System-wide Goods Movement Data and Information Port Facility Efficiency, Capacity and Throughput **Rail Intermodal Capacity Constraints** A Disparate Goods Movement System and Community





Container Traffic at California Ports 1984-2005 (Millions of TEUs)



POLA/POLB Cargo Forecasts Millions of Twenty-foot Equivalent Units (TEUs)

2005	14.2
2010	19.7
2020	36.0
2030	42.5

Serious Deficiencies in Rail Yard and Main Line Capacity and Inadequate Mitigation

> 52% of Ports' containers are transported by rail.

- ICTF, Hobart and East L.A. Yards operating at near capacity.
- > By 2030, international lift capacity shortfall of 2.3 million TEUs/yr.
- Main Lines east of L.A. need triple or quadruple tracking.
- Streets need grade separations.
- Noise mitigation required.
- Colton Crossing needs to be grade separated.

Los Angeles

San Bernardino

-Colton Crossing

Riverside

Legend

N

BNSF RR Hobart-Fullerton

Orange

BNSF RR Fullerton-Atwood

BNSF RR Atwood-Colton

— UP RR Alhambra

UP RR LA Sub-division

Key Rail-Related Projects

> Grade Separations
> Mainline capacity
> On-dock Rail
> Near-dock Rail
> Colton Crossing

\$3.46 billion
\$2.30 billion
\$631 million
\$300 million
\$280 million



Key Highway Projects

Gerald Desmond Bridge
I-710 Corridor
East-West Truck Lanes
SR-47 Expressway
I-110 Connectors
Navy Way Connector

\$800 million
\$7 billion
?
\$557
\$134 million
\$40 million



Economic Imperative: Improving Job Opportunities

- > High wages for California workers (\$45K per year average)
- Trade jobs one of every seven in California
- California Trade 40% of the national total
- Economic impact of logistics in So. Cal. (including direct, indirect, and induced impacts)
 - \$170B or 12.4% of economic activity
 - 1.4M or 12.7% of jobs
 - \$15B or 23.5% of local taxes and fees

Public Health Imperative: Reducing Goods Movement-Related Impacts Wherever They Occur

- Majority of emissions are from mobile sources, including ships.
- Goods movement is a key contributor to air pollution and disease.
- > Diesel PM: a toxic air contaminant
- Without new control strategies, more cargo means more pollution.
- Noise impacts: need Quiet Zones along rail corridors and sound walls along freeways.

Highlights of Ports' Clean Air Action Plan

> Eliminate dirty diesel trucks within five years.
> Shore side power for vessels ("cold ironing") within five to ten years.
> Vessel speed reduction, low sulfur fuels.
> Cargo handling and locomotive emission reductions.

Major Categories of Funding

Existing grant & loan programs (e.g., STIP funds, transportation reauthorization)
 New federal or state funding (e.g., State General Obligation bonds)
 Negotiated fees or tolls for specific projects; i.e., Public-Private Partnerships

SAFETEA-LU: Not Enough

- > Gerald Desmond Bridge: \$100 million
- I-710: \$9.5 million (plus \$2.4 tunnel study)
- > Alameda Corridor-East: \$212 million
- > ACTA: \$10 million SR-47 design plus \$5 million shuttle train
- Inland Empire Goods Movement Gateway (Norton Air Force Base): \$75 million
- > Port of L.A.: Vincent Thomas Bridge study plus I-110/SR 47/Harbor Blvd. Interchange: \$5.6 million
- > Port of Hueneme access projects: \$7.4 million

State General Obligation Bonds Proposition 1B \$19.925 billion for Transportation

- > \$2 billion for trade corridors infrastructure
- > \$1 billion for trade-related emissions reductions
- \$100 million for port security
- \$4.5 billion for corridor mobility improvements
- \$2 billion in new STIP funding
- > \$1 billion for SR 99
- > \$200 million for school bus retrofit
- \$4 billion for public transit
- \$1 billion for state-local partnership program
- \$1 billion for transit safety and security
- \$125 million for local bridge seismic retrofit
- > \$250 million for railroad grade separations
- > \$750 million for SHOPP funds
- > \$2 billion for local streets and roads

Public-Private Partnerships: Keys to Success

- Consensus on what to build, funding shares, method of payment (industry buy-in essential)
- Legal authority
- Stable revenue stream
- > Funding firewalls and sunset clauses
- > Appropriate allocation of risk
- > Cost and schedule control
- > Experienced project management
- > Product orientation not process orientation
- > Focused agency mission
- > Clear decision making authority

Questions & Answers

More Information: www.metro.net/mcgmap