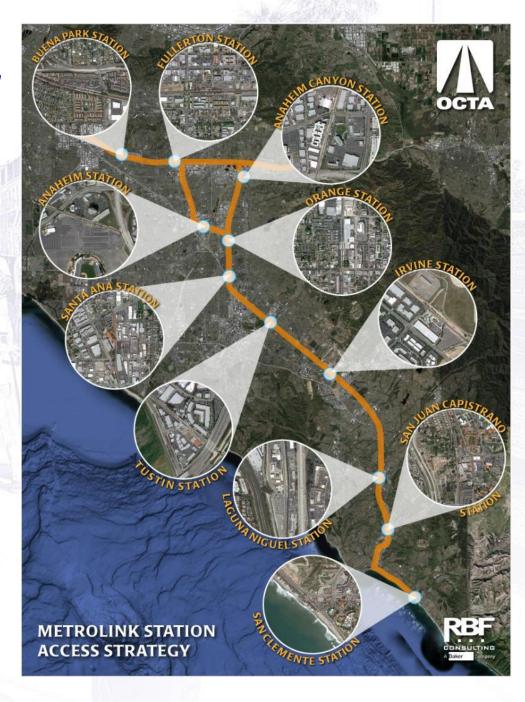


Project Overview

- In partnership with SCAG
- Grant funded
- "First/last mile" study
- Bike and pedestrian accessibility
- 11 stations in Orange County



Project Schedule

Summer 2012

• Begin Project

Fall 2012

• Field Work & Community Input

Winter 2013

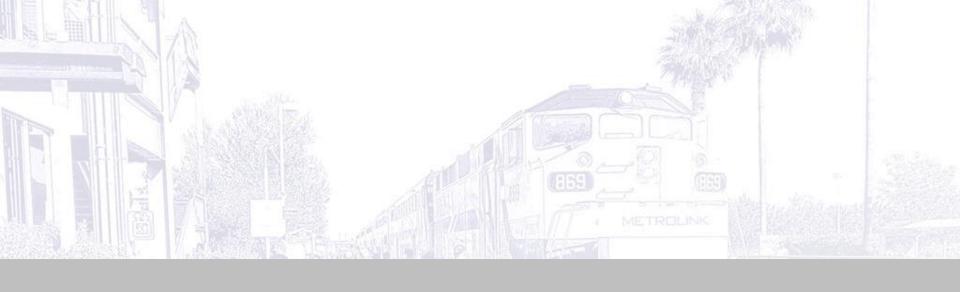
- Accessibility Memorandum
- Draft Improvements List

Spring 2013

- Complete Strategy
- Distribute to Station Cities

Project Objectives

- Evaluate current non-motorized accessibility
 - Use defined metrics
 - Identify areas for improvement
- Recommend improvements
 - Facilitate, support and enhance pedestrian and bicyclist access
- Provide guidance to
 - Assist with grant readiness
 - Identify potential funding opportunities

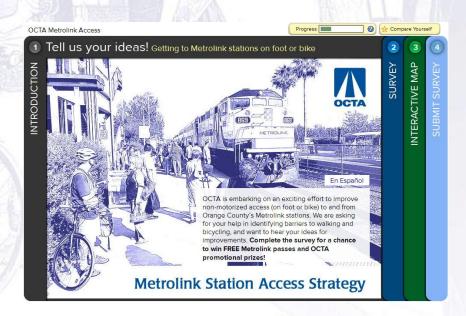


COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT



Community Engagement Activities

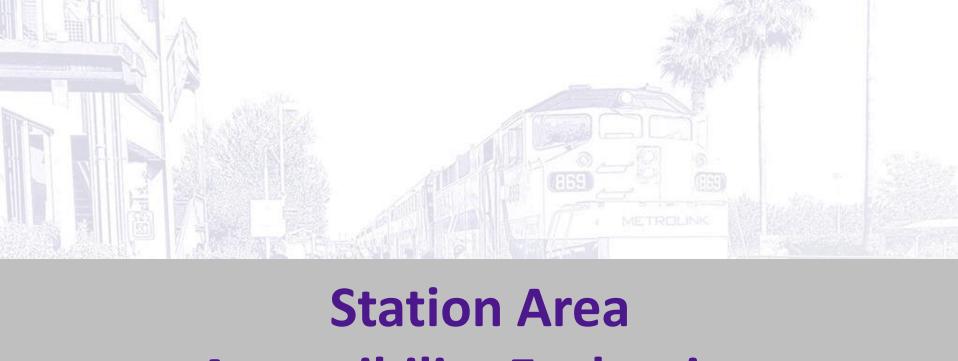
- Booths at 3 Community Events
- Social Media (Twitter, Facebook, OCTA Website, Newsletters)
- Online Survey











Accessibility Evaluation

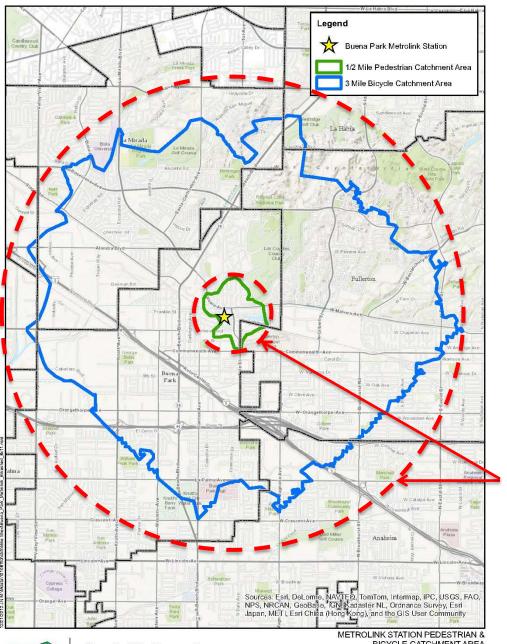


Metrics

- Based on survey and field work
- 9 metrics for pedestrian access
- 10 metrics for bicycle access
- Numerical rating from 1 to 10 (1=poor, 10=good) for each metric
- Maximum score of 90 for pedestrian access, 100 for bicycle access
- Score used to evaluate stations individually, not intended to compare stations

Metrics

- Station Mode Split: Comparison of the bicycle and pedestrian mode split to the national averages provided for the appropriate station typology.
- 2. Network Design: Evaluation of sidewalks and designated bikeways directly adjacent to the station. Whether the area immediately adjacent the station is pedestrian-friendly or bicycle-friendly.
- 3. Catchment Area Effectiveness: Comparison of maximum catchment area (radial geometry) to the actual catchment area based on network. The catchment area for bicycles is 3 miles and 1/2 mile for pedestrians.



Catchment Area Example

Maximum radial catchment area





METROLINK STATION PEDESTRIAN & BICYCLE CATCHMENT AREA Buena Park Station

Metrics

- **4. Trip Demand:** Based on origin and destination factors population and employment.
- 5. Route Directness: Access to the station with minimal delays and obstructions such as crossing barriers.
- **Safety:** Safety in crossing roadways and avoiding conflicts with motorist traffic, includes review of 3 years of collision data.
- 7. Security: Lighting during nighttime near the station, abandoned buildings, litter, and graffiti adjacent to station.
- 8. Information/Wayfinding: Adequacy and clarity of signs to facilities and amenities.

Metrics

- 9. Station Amenities: Amenities provided at the station such as bikeshare, bike tracks at stairs, bathrooms, seating areas, and retail
- 10. Bike Parking: Supply, demand, and utilization of bicycle racks and lockers at the station



Bike Access Scores

	Average		
Station Mode Split	8.4		
Network Design	5.8		
Catchment Area Effectiveness			
Trip Demand	5.1		
Route Directness	6.9		
Safety	5.1		
Security	7.3		
Information/ Wayfinding	4.9		
Station Amenities	5.3		
Bike Parking	5.8		
Total Score	59%		

Pedestrian Access Scores

	Average		
Station Mode Split	3.1		
Network Design	6.4		
Catchment Area			
Effectiveness	5.5		
Trip Demand	5.2		
Route Directness	6.9		
Safety	6.9		
Security	7.3		
Information/			
Wayfinding	5.6		
Station Amenities	6.9		
Total Score	60%		



Non-Motorized Accessibility Strategy



Components

- Background Information and Methodology
- Accessibility Improvement Toolbox
- Area-Wide Recommendations
- Station-Specific Recommendations
- Funding and Implementation

Accessibility Improvement Toolbox

- Utilized to develop recommended improvements
- Provides strategies to improve nonmotorized access to stations
- General, not station-specific
- Reference for future projects

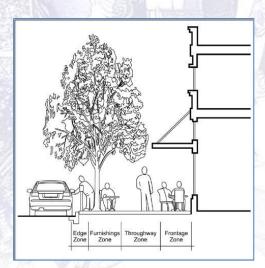
Accessibility Improvement Toolbox



Bicycle Facilities



Intersections



Sidewalks



Transit Stations



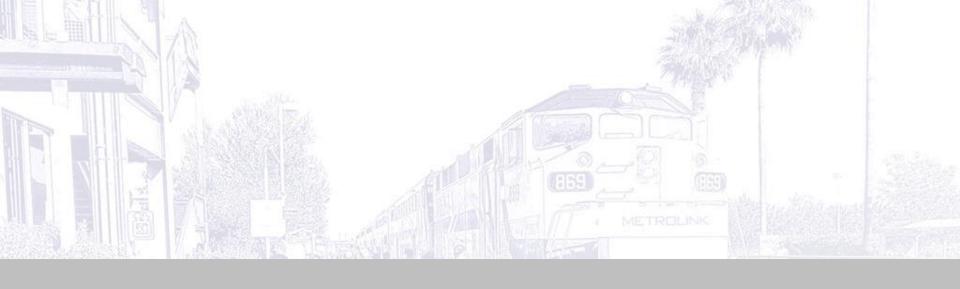
Traffic Calming

Area-Wide Recommendations

- Applicable to all stations
- 6 recommendations
 - Consolidated bicycle locker rental program
 - Target ratio of bike lockers to ridership at each station
 - Locations of bike lockers/racks on station diagram maps
 - Bicycle loop detectors
 - Lighting assessment
 - Video surveillance if security guards not present

Station-Specific Recommendations

- Description
- Metrics affected
- Included in existing plan or document

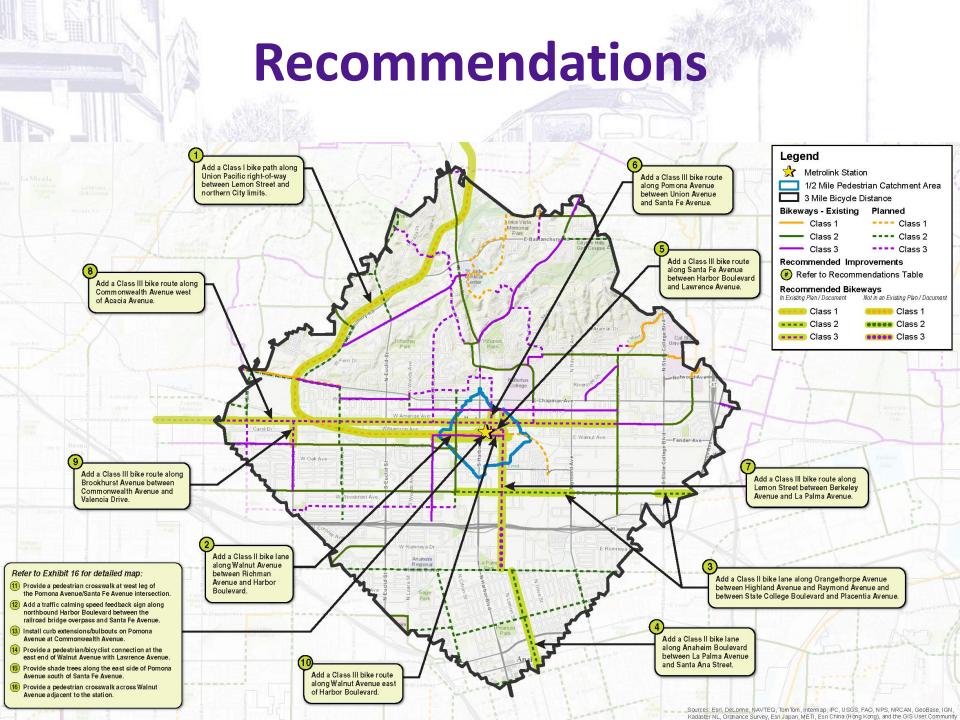


Example: Fullerton Station



Recommendations

000000000000000000000000000000000000000		Recommended Improvement	Pedestrian Related/ Bicycle Related	Metrics Affected	Anticipated Cost	Included in Existing Plan/Document
PAGE SANGE S	1	Add Class I bike path along Union Pacific right-of-way between Lemon Street and northern City limits.	Bicycle Related	Station Mode Split, Network Design, Catchment Area Effectiveness, Trip Demand, Route Directness, Safety	\$\$\$	Fullerton Bicycle Master Plan (RBF Consulting, May, 2012) - D4
PERSONAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSONAL PR	2	Add Class II bike lane along Walnut Avenue between Richman Avenue and Harbor Boulevard.	Bicycle Related	Station Mode Split, Network Design, Trip Demand, Route Directness, Safety	\$\$	Fullerton Bicycle Master Plan (RBF Consulting, May, 2012); Fullerton Transportation Center Specific Plan (RBF Consulting)





Next Steps

- Refine improvements recommendations
- Draft Review in May
- Finalize Strategy (anticipated June 2013)

Thank You!

For additional information contact:

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