91 EXPRESS LANES FUND (An Enterprise Fund of the Orange County Transportation Authority)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2007

91 Express Lanes Fund (An Enterprise Fund of the Orange County Transportation Authority)

Audited Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	.1
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fund Net Assets	2
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	
Statement of Cash Flows	
Notes to the Financial Statements	.5



Mayer Hoffman McCann P.C. An Independent CPA Firm Conrad Government Services Division

2301 Dupont Drive, Suite 200 Irvine, California 92612 949-474-2020 ph 949-263-5520 fx www.mhm-pc.com

Board of Directors Orange County Transportation Authority Orange, California

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the 91 Express Lanes, an enterprise fund of the Orange County Transportation Authority (Authority), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the 91 Express Lanes Fund of the Authority and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Authority, as of June 30, 2007, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the 91 Express Lanes Fund of the Authority as of June 30, 2007, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Mayer Nother McCon P.c.

Irvine, California October 19, 2007

91 Express Lanes Fund

(An Enterprise Fund of the Orange County Transportation Authority)

Statement of Fund Net Assets

June 30, 2007

Cash and investments	\$	36,865,702
Receivables:		
Interest		692,822
Violations		6,510,023
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(721,929)
Other		923,817
Other assets		311,820
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and investments:		
Cash equivalents		10,967,028
Investments		18,634,792
Unamortized debt issuance costs		3,333,002
Capital assets, net:		
Depreciable and amortizable	empriment.	180,016,003
Total Assets		257,533,080
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		3,597,743
A 1		2 222 152

Accounts payable	3,597,743
Accrued interest payable	3,032,178
Due to other governments	500,000
Unearned revenue	4,519,692
Other liabilities	379,536
Bonds payable - due within one year	4,225,000
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Advances from other OCTA funds - due in more than one year	42,204,920
Bonds payable - due in more than one year	162,685,768
Total Liabilities	221,144,837

 Net Assets
 35,073,029

 Invested in capital assets, net of related debt
 35,073,029

 Restricted
 10,967,028

 Unrestricted (Deficit)
 (9,651,814)

 Total Net Assets
 \$ 36,388,243

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Assets

Current Assets:

91 Express Lanes Fund

(An Enterprise Fund of the Orange County Transportation Authority) Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
User fees and charges	\$ 49,838,090
Operating expenses:	
Contracted services Administrative services Insurance claims Professional services General and administrative Other Depreciation and amortization	5,630,442 1,603,719 351,679 5,305,433 623,209 967,459 9,286,721
Total operating expenses Operating income	23,768,662 26,069,428
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings Interest expense Other	3,495,763 (10,663,145) 51,278
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(7,116,104)
Change in net assets	18,953,324
Total net assets - beginning	17,434,919
Total net assets - ending	\$ 36,388,243

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

91 Express Lanes Fund

(An Enterprise Fund of the Orange County Transportation Authority)

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments for interfund services used Miscellaneous	\$	47,540,997 (10,926,763) (1,603,719) 50,564
Net cash provided by operating activities		35,061,079
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Payment on advances from other funds Proceeds from sale of capital assets Payment of long term debt Interest paid Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(12,000,000) 1,008 (4,115,000) (8,063,150) (3,651,000)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(27,828,142)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received	**********	3,352,299
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,352,299
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		10,585,236
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		37,247,494
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	47,832,730
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	26,069,428 1,955,876
Amortization of franchise agreement Amortization of cost of issuance Miscellaneous Change in assets and liabilities:		7,330,845 142,335 50,564
Receivables Other assets Accounts payable Due to other governments Unearned revenue Other liabilities		(2,446,542) (7,002) 1,816,126 482,778 (321,527) (11,802)
Total adjustments		8,991,651
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	35,061,079
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to statement of net assets: Cash and investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,865,702 10,967,028 47,832,730
,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Schedule of noncash activities: Increase in interest expense incurred on advances from other OCTA funds	\$	1,827,166
See accompanying notes to the financial statements.		

91 Express Lanes Fund (An Enterprise Fund of the Orange County Transportation Authority) Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2007

I. REPORTING ENTITY

On January 3, 2003, the Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA) purchased from the California Private Transportation Company (CPTC) its interest in a franchise agreement for a toll facility on a 10 mile segment of the Riverside Freeway/State Route (SR) 91 between the Orange/Riverside County line and the Costa Mesa Freeway/SR 55. The purchase was enabled by State Assembly Bill 1010 (Correa), which was passed by the California legislature and signed by the governor in September 2002. The legislation provided the authority for OCTA to collect tolls and pay related financing costs no later than 2030 and eliminated noncompete provisions in the franchise agreement for needed improvements on SR 91. OCTA purchased the assets and liabilities of the franchise interest for \$207,500,000, consisting of cash of \$72,500,000 and certain assets and the assumption of certain liabilities.

The franchise agreement with the State of California's Department of Transportation (Caltrans) had granted CPTC the right to develop and construct the toll facility and to operate it for 35 years under a lease arrangement. Caltrans retains legal title to the real property components of the toll facility.

These financial statements include only the activities of the 91 Express Lanes Fund, an enterprise fund of the OCTA. These financial statements are not intended to present the activities of OCTA.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the 91 Express Lanes Fund are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the 91 Express Lanes Fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, consisting substantially of tolls and fees, are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Toll amounts are collected from customers on a prepaid basis, and unearned tolls are reported as deferred revenue.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the 91 Express Lanes Fund are charges to customers for use of the toll facility. Operating expenses for the 91 Express Lanes Fund include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

June 30, 2007

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in enterprise fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of GASB. The 91 Express Lanes Fund has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

OCTA maintains cash and investments in accordance with an investment policy adopted initially by the Board on May 8, 1995, and most recently amended April 9, 2007. The investment policy complies with, or is more restrictive than, applicable state statutes. The majority of OCTA's investments are managed by four private sector investment managers. At June 30, 2007, the investment portfolios were maintained at The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. as custodial bank. Separate investment manager accounts are maintained for the proceeds of bond issues, with the earnings for each bond issue accounted for separately. Cash from other OCTA revenue sources is commingled for investment purposes, with investment earnings allocated to the different accounts based on average daily dollar account balances.

The Annual Investment Policy requires the assets in the portfolio to consist of the following investments and maximum permissible concentrations based on book value and are more restrictive than applicable state statutes for the following cases: OCTA notes and bonds (25%); commercial paper of a high rating A-1 or P-1 as provided by one of the nationally recognized rating agencies, Standard & Poor's Corporation (S & P) or Moody's Investor Service (Moody's), and must be issued by corporations rated A2 or better by Moody's and A or better by S & P with further restrictions to issuer size and maximum maturity of 180 days (25%); negotiable certificates of deposit issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank or state or federal association or be a state licensed branch of a foreign bank, which have been rated by at least two of the nationally recognized rating services with minimum credit ratings of A-1 by S & P, P-1 by Moody's, F1 by Fitch with maximum maturity of 180 days (30%); bankers acceptances which have been rated by at least two of the nationally recognized rating services with minimum credit ratings of A-1 by S & P, P-1 by Moody's, F1 by Fitch and may not exceed the 5 % limit by any one commercial bank (30%); mortgage or asset-backed securities rated AAA by S & P, Aaa by Moody's, or AAA by Fitch and issued by an issuer; medium-term notes are rated A- or better by S & P, A3 or better by Moody's or A- by Fitch or an equivalent rating by a nationally recognized rating service. MTN's may not represent more than ten percent (10%) of the issue in the case of a specific public offering. Under no circumstance can any one corporate issuer represent more than 5% of the portfolio; Repurchase Agreements collateralized at 102% (75%) reverse repurchase agreements or securities lending are not permitted.

Other allowable investment categories include money market funds, mutual funds, and the state-managed Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). LAIF is regulated by California Government Code (Code) Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. Investment is also allowed in the Orange County Investment Pool (OCIP), but is limited to those funds legally required to be deposited in the County Treasury. Oversight of the OCIP is conducted by the County Treasury Oversight Committee. All investments are subject to a maximum maturity of five years, unless specific direction to exceed the limit is given by the Board as permitted by the Code.

June 30, 2007

Investments in U.S. government and U.S. agency securities, repurchase agreements, variable and floating rate securities, mortgage and asset backed securities, and corporate notes are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices, except for securities with a remaining maturity of one year or less at purchase date, which are carried at cost. Guaranteed investment contracts are carried at cost. Treasury mutual funds are carried at fair value based on each fund's share price. LAIF is carried at fair value based on the value of each participating dollar as provided by LAIF. Commercial paper is carried at amortized cost (which approximates fair value).

OCTA policy is to invest only in high quality instruments as permitted by the Code, subject to the limitations of this Annual Investment Policy.

Outside portfolio managers must review the portfolios they manage (including bond proceeds portfolios) to ensure compliance with OCTA's diversification guidelines on an ongoing basis.

Issuer/Counter-Party Diversification Guidelines for all securities except Federal Agencies, Government Sponsored Enterprises, Investment Agreements and Repurchase Agreements; any one corporation, bank, local agency, special purpose vehicle or other corporate name for one or more series of securities (5%).

Issuer/Counter-Party Diversification Guidelines for Federal Agencies, Government Sponsored Enterprises and Repurchase Agreements; any one Federal Agency or Government Sponsored Enterprise (35%); any one repurchase agreement counter-party name if maturity/term is < 7 days (50%), if maturity/term is > 7 days (35%).

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, OCTA considers all short-term investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS

Investments set aside in the Reserve Fund, Supplemental Reserve Fund, Major Maintenance Reserve Fund, and Operating Reserve Fund are pursuant to terms of the 2003 Indenture for the \$195,265,000 Toll Road Revenue Refunding Bonds and their use is limited by applicable debt covenants.

RECEIVABLES

Violations receivable represent an estimate of the total outstanding unpaid violations that the 91 Express Lanes anticipate to collect. This estimate is based upon twelve month average collections on outstanding unpaid violations for violations with a due date of 90 days or less. For violations over 90 days, this estimate is based upon a 3½ year average collections on outstanding unpaid violations. The 91 Express Lanes contracts with an outside collection agency to assist in the recovery of unpaid violations over 90 days.

Allowance for doubtful accounts represents the amount anticipated uncollectible for those violations receivable related to unpaid violations, with a due date of 90 days or less.

June 30, 2007

Other receivables include amounts due from other California toll road agencies related to their customers who use the 91 Express Lanes as well as customer fees, interest, and other.

OTHER ASSETS

Other assets include prepaid expenses and deposits.

COSTS OF ISSUANCE

Costs of issuance represent issuance costs associated with refinancing the \$135,000,000 taxable debt and are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets include the toll facility franchise, improvements, equipment, furniture and fixtures, and transponders. Capital assets are defined by the 91 Express Lanes Fund as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Type	Useful Life
Improvements	10-30 years
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures	3-10 years
Transponders	5 years

The toll facility franchise is amortized over the remaining life of the franchise agreement through December 2030.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The 91 Express Lanes Fund purchases commercial property insurance including business interruption, earthquake and flood coverage related to the toll facility. Additionally, the 91 Express Lanes Fund participates in OCTA's self-insurance general liability program. The liability claims are resolved by OCTA and are expensed against the 91 Express Lanes Fund.

NET ASSETS

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities and is classified into three categories:

June 30, 2007

- INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT This reflects the net assets of the 91 Express Lanes Fund that are invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Usually this indicates that these net assets are not accessible for other purposes; however, a deficit indicates that the related debt exceeds the capital assets.
- RESTRICTED NET ASSETS This represents the net assets that are not accessible for general use, because their use is subject to restrictions enforceable by third parties. The statement of net assets reports \$29,601,820 of restricted net assets, all of which is restricted by enabling legislation.
- UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS This represents those net assets that are available for general use.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures during the reporting period. As such, actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2007:

Deposits:		
Petty cash	\$	150
Deposits		373,974
Total deposits		374,124
Investments:		
With OCTA Commingled Investment Pool	36,	343,895
With Trustee	29,	749,503
Total investments	66,	093,398
Total cash and investments	\$ 66,	467,522

Total deposits and investments are reported in the financial statements as:

Unrestricted Cash and Investments	\$ 36,865,702
Restricted Cash and Investments:	, , ,
Cash equivalents	10,967,028
Investments	18,634,792
Total Restricted Cash and Investments	 29,601,820
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 66,467,522

June 30, 2007

As of June 30, 2007, the 91 Express Lanes Fund had the following investments:

INVESTMENT	FA	IR VALUE	PR	INCIPAL	INTEREST RATE RANGE	MATURITY RANGE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE MATURITY (YEARS)
OCTA Commingled Investment Pool	\$	36,343,895	\$	36,226,296	Discount, 2%-7.625%	7/2/07-4/15/12	2.3
Money Market Mutual Funds		2,949,492		2,949,492	Variable	7/1/07	1 Day
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		8,165,219		8,165,219	5.23%	7/2/07	2 Days
Investment Agreements		18,634,792		18,634,792	4.51%-5.125%	8/15/15-12/15/30	18.54
Total Investments	\$	66,093,398	\$	65,975,799			

INTEREST RATE RISK

OCTA manages exposure to declines in fair value from increasing interest rates by having an investment policy that limits maturities to five years while also staggering maturities, with the exception of investment agreements which are not subject to term restrictions due to the bond indenture. OCTA maintains a low duration strategy, targeting an estimated average portfolio duration of three years or less, with the intent of reducing interest rate risk. Portfolios with low duration are less volatile, therefore less sensitive to interest rate changes.

As of June 30, 2007, the 91 Express Lanes Fund was a participant in OCTA's commingled investment pool which had asset-backed securities totaling \$113,082,332. The underlying assets are consumer receivables that include credit cards, auto and home loans. The securities have a fixed interest rate and are rated AAA by at least two of the three nationally recognized rating services. OCTA did not have any variable or floating rate securities at year end.

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. OCTA's investment policy requires that a third party bank custody department hold all securities owned by OCTA. All trades are settled on a delivery versus payment basis through OCTA's safekeeping agent. At June 30, 2007, OCTA did not have any deposits or securities exposed to custodial credit risk and there was no securities lending.

June 30, 2007

CREDIT RISK

The Annual Investment Policy (Policy) sets minimum acceptable credit ratings for investments from any of the three nationally recognized rating services S & P, Moody's, and Fitch. For an issuer of short-term debt, the rating must be no less than A-1 (S & P), P-1 (Moody's), or F-1 (Fitch), while an issuer of long-term debt shall be rated no less than an "A". LAIF is not rated.

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of each pool's fair value at June 30, 2007. (NR means Not Rated):

Investments	S & P	Moody's	Fitch	% of Portfolio
OCTA Commingled Investment Pool	NR	NR	NR	55.00%
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAA	Aaa	NR	4.46%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	AA	Aa2	AA	12.35%
Investment Agreements	NR	NR	NR	28.19%
Total				100.00%

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

At June 30, 2007, OCTA did not exceed the Policy limitation that states that no more than:

- 5% of the total market value of the pooled funds may be invested in securities of any one issuer, except for obligations of the United States government, U.S. government agencies or government sponsored enterprises.
- 20% may be invested in money market mutual funds.

This Policy limitation excludes investment agreements pursuant to the bond indenture. The 91 Express Lanes Fund had the following investment agreements outstanding as of June 30, 2007:

Investment Agreements	Amount
MBIA Incorporated	\$12,634,792
AIG Matched Funding Corporation	6,000,000

June 30, 2007

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the 91 Express Lanes Fund for the year ended June 30, 2007 is as follows:

	BEGINNING			ENDING	
-	BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	BALANCE	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Construction in process	\$ 13,235	\$ -	\$ 13,235	\$ -	
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated =	\$ 13,235	\$ -	\$ 13,235	\$ -	
Capital assets, being depreciated and amortized:					
Toll facility franchise	\$ 205,263,668	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 205,263,668	
Improvements	687,541	2,052,585	W	2,740,126	
Communications equipment	4,039,254	1,197,851	и	5,237,105	
Computer hardware and software	937,098	138,019	32,263	1,042,854	
Transponders	4,961,499	247,022	-	5,208,521	
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	79,133	28,758		107,891	
Total capital assets, being depreciated					
and amortized	215,968,193	3,664,235	32,263	219,600,165	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:					
Toll facility franchise	(25,657,958)	(7,330,845)	*	(32,988,803)	
Improvements	(187,031)	(187,219)	•	(374,250)	
Communications equipment	(1,353,701)	(630,536)	W	(1,984,237)	
Computer hardware and software	(667,333)	(171,743)	(31,969)	(807,107)	
Transponders	(2,448,702)	(953,531)	-	(3,402,233)	
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	(14,685)	(12,847)	*	(27,532)	
Total accumulated depreciation and					
amortization	(30,329,410)	(9,286,721)	(31,969)	(39,584,162)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated					
and amortized, net	\$185,638,783	\$(5,622,486)	\$ 294	\$ 180,016,003	

June 30, 2007

5. BONDS PAYABLE

TAXABLE SENIOR SECURED BONDS

On January 3, 2003, as part of the purchase agreement, the 91 Express Lanes Fund assumed \$135,000,000 of taxable 7.63% Senior Secured Bonds. The taxable bonds mature on August 15, 2028. Semi-annual interest payments are due on the taxable bonds on February 15 and August 15 of each year, and semi-annual principal payments are due beginning February 15, 2004. On November 12, 2003, the taxable bonds were refunded as noted below. As required by the indenture, OCTA paid \$26,428,197 Yield Maintenance Premium which is deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds.

TOLL ROAD REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS

On November 12, 2003, the OCTA issued \$195,265,000 in Toll Road Revenue Refunding Bonds (91 Express Lanes) Series 2003-A, Series 2003-B-1 and Series 2003-B-2 to refinance the \$135,000,000 taxable 7.63% Senior Secured Bonds and to reimburse the OCTA for a portion of its prior payment of the costs of acquiring the Toll Road and certain other property and interests associated with the Toll Road. The Series 2003-A Bonds were issued as fixed rate bonds, the Series 2003-B-1 Bonds and the Series 2003-B-2 Bonds were issued as adjustable rate bonds.

INTEREST RATE SWAPS

As a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed rate bonds at the time of issuance in September 2003, OCTA entered into two parity interest rate swaps totaling \$100,000,000 in connection with its \$195,265,000 Toll Road Revenue Refunding Bonds. \$95,265,000 was issued on a fixed rate basis and \$100,000,000 was issued on a variable rate basis. The Series 2003-B-1 swap was for \$75,000,000 and the counterparty is Lehman Brothers Special Funding Incorporated (Lehman Brothers). The Series 2003-B-2 swap was for \$25,000,000 and the counterparty is Bear Stearns Capital Markets Incorporated (Bear Stearns). The effective rate on the parity swaps was to effectively change OCTA's variable rate bonds to a synthetic fixed rate of 4.06227%.

TERMS

The bonds and the related parity swap agreements mature on December 15, 2030. The parity swaps notional amount of \$100,000,000 matches the \$100,000,000 variable rate bonds. The parity swaps were entered into at the same time the bonds were sold (November 2003). Starting in fiscal year 2022, the notional amount of the parity swaps declines and the principal amount of the associated variable rate bonds declines an identical amount. Under the parity swaps, OCTA pays the counterparties a fixed payment of 4.06227% and the counterparties pay OCTA a floating rate equal to 67% of one month LIBOR index if one month LIBOR index is equal to or greater than 4.0% or the BMA Municipal Swap Index if LIBOR is less than 4.0%.

June 30, 2007

FAIR VALUE

As of June 30, 2007, the negative fair value for the \$75,000,000 swap with Lehman Brothers was estimated by Lehman Brothers to be \$2,366,107. As of June 30, 2007, the negative fair value for the \$25,000,000 swap with Bear Stearns was estimated by Bear Stearns to be \$541,878. Therefore, if the swaps were terminated on June 30, 2007, the OCTA would have made a termination payment of \$2,366,107 and \$541,878 to Lehman Brothers and Bear Stearns, respectively. The termination payments that would have been owed by the OCTA if the swaps were terminated on June 30, 2007 are a result of the change in interest rate levels and certain interest rate relationships. The rate used to calculate the fixed swap payment owed by the OCTA to the swap providers is 4.06227%. As of June 30, 2007, this fixed rate was higher than the current rate for a swap of identical terms and conditions. The fair values were estimated by the counterparties using proprietary methodologies.

CREDIT RISK

To mitigate the potential for credit risk, the \$75,000,000 swap with Lehman Brothers and the \$25,000,000 swap with Bear Stearns is collateralized with U.S. government securities at all times.

BASIS RISK

Basis risk is the risk that the variable rate paid to a borrower by a swap counterparty does not completely offset, or equal the borrower's variable rate payment to bondholders. This may result in positive or negative basis differential. In order to minimize basis risk, OCTA selected a swap structure that pays a variable receiver rate based on a percentage of LIBOR in high interest rate environments where rate compression should be less of an issue, but pays a BMA receiver rate in low interest rate environments, where rate compression has historically been at its highest.

Under the parity swap agreements, OCTA pays the counterparties a fixed payment of 4.06227% and the counterparties pay OCTA a floating rate equal to 67% of LIBOR if LIBOR is equal to or greater than 4.0% or the BMA Municipal Swap Index if LIBOR is less than 4.0%. As of June 30, 2007, OCTA experienced \$132,333 in cumulative positive basis differential.

TERMINATION RISK

Termination risk is the risk that an event occurs that causes a termination of the parity swaps and the OCTA would incur replacement costs. The Lehman Brothers and Bear Stearns have posted collateral pursuant to the parity swap agreements to guarantee replacement at no cost to OCTA.

June 30, 2007

SWAP PAYMENTS AND ASSOCIATED DEBT

\$75,000,000 SERIES 2003-B-1 (1)

\$25,000,000 SERIES-B-2 (1)

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	INTEREST RATE SWAPS, NET	PRINCIPAL	Interest	INTEREST RATE SWAPS, NET	TOTAL
2008	\$ -	\$ 2,722,500	\$ 373,703	\$ -	\$ 925,000	\$ 124,568	\$ 4,145,771
2009	-	2,722,500	373,703	-	925,000	124,568	4,145,771
2010	-	2,722,500	373,703	*	925,000	124,568	4,145,771
2011	-	2,722,500	373,703	_	925,000	124,568	4,145,771
2012	M-	2,722,500	373,703	-	925,000	124,568	4,145,771
2013-2017	*	13,612,500	1,868,513	-	4,625,000	622,838	20,728,851
2018-2022	4,595,000	13,445,702	1,845,617	1,530,000	4,568,390	615,214	26,599,923
2023-2027	35,615,000	9,014,924	1,237,429	11,880,000	3,063,045	412,493	61,222,891
2028-2031 _	34,790,000	1,964,012	269,589	11,590,000	666,925	89,813	49,370,339
	\$75,000,000	\$51,649,638	\$7,089,663	\$25,000,000	\$17,548,360	\$2,363,198	\$178,650,859

As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary. The variable rate on the 2003 B-1 and B-2 debt was 3.63% for Lehman Brothers and 3.70% for Bear Stearns on June 30, 2007. As part of the Swap Agreement, OCTA receives 67% of one-month LIBOR which amounted to 3.56% on June 30, 2007.

(1) Assumes an interest rate swap rate of 4.06227% per annum for the Series 2003-B-1 Bonds and the Series-B-2 Bonds based on the Series 2003-B Parity Swap Agreements.

A summary of the terms of the Toll Road Revenue Refunding Bonds is as follows:

Issuance date	11/12/03
Original issue amount	\$195,265,000
Cash reserve requirements	\$27,984,792
Cash reserve balance	\$29,601,820
Interest rate	2.0% to 5.375% *
Maturity	December 2030
Principal payment date	August 15
Current balance	\$183,510,000
Unamortized premium	\$5,913,677
Deferred amount on refunding	(\$22,512,909)

^{* 2003} Series B-1 and B-2 are issued as variable rate revenue bonds with a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap transaction in place. Refer to interest rate swap description within this footnote. Both the \$75,000,000 Series B-1 bonds and the \$25,000,000 Series B-2 bonds were swapped to a fixed rate of 4.06227%.

June 30, 2007

The Bonds contain certain financial covenants, and management believes the 91 Express Lanes Fund is in compliance with such covenants as of June 30, 2007.

Annual debt service requirements on the tax-exempt bonds as of June 30, 2007, are as follows:

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		TOTAL	
2008	\$	4,225,000	\$ 8,027,714	\$	12,252,714	
2009		4,345,000	7,909,876		12,254,876	
2010		4,515,000	7,742,901		12,257,901	
2011		4,740,000	7,517,170		12,257,170	
2012		4,980,000	7,274,170		12,254,170	
2013-2017		29,175,000	32,097,310		61,272,310	
2018-2022		37,655,000	23,641,302		61,296,302	
2023-2027		47,495,000	14,416,082		61,911,082	
2028-2031		46,380,000	 3,885,697		50,265,697	
Total	\$_	183,510,000	\$ 112,512,222	\$	296,022,222	

The interest rate used to determine the future annual debt service requirements for the variable rate bonds was 4.06227% at June 30, 2007.

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

						DUE
	BEGINNING				ENDING	WITHIN
	BALANCE	ADDIT	IONS	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE	ONE YEAR
Tax-exempt bonds	\$187,625,000	\$	-	\$ 4,115,000	\$183,510,000	\$4,225,000
Unamortized premium	6,166,218		_	252,541	5,913,677	
Unamortized deferred amount on						
refunding	(23,580,715)			(1,067,806)	(22,512,909)	-
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	\$170,210,503	\$	-	\$ 3,299,735	\$166,910,768	\$4,225,000

6. Advances from Other OCTA Funds

In connection with the purchase of the toll facility franchise, to fund the debt service payment required on February 15, 2003, and to establish operations, the 91 Express Lanes Fund borrowed \$83,640,595 from other OCTA funds at an interest rate, adjusted each January, representing OCTA's rate of return on short-term investments (5.08% at June 30, 2007). Interest accrues monthly, and the advances from other OCTA funds plus accrued interest will be repaid on an annual basis with net revenues or as a result of a refinancing. Total interest of \$1,827,166 accrued on the advances for the year ended June 30, 2007. At June 30, 2007, these advances were \$42,204,920 and are reported as advances from other OCTA funds.

June 30, 2007

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

OPERATOR AGREEMENT

In connection with the purchase of the toll facility interest, OCTA entered into an operating agreement with Cofiroute Global Mobility (Cofiroute), to provide operating services in the annual amount of \$4,994,000 plus inflation for three initial years with two one-year extension options, subject to Board of Directors approval. The agreement was in effect from January 3, 2003 through January 2, 2006. Cofiroute is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the toll facility. On January 6, 2006, OCTA entered into a second operating agreement with Cofiroute, effective January 3, 2006 through January 2, 2011. The annual amount of the base contract is \$5,448,768 plus inflation adjustments after the first year. The agreement carries two two-year extension options through January 2, 2015, subject to Board of Directors approval.

LEASE COMMITMENTS

The 91 Express Lanes Fund is committed under two leases for office space. These leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. Lease expenses for the year ended June 30, 2007 were \$360,376.

Future minimum payments for these leases approximate the following:

	\$ 938,874
2010	 273,626
2009	295,129
2008	\$ 370,119
for the year ending June 30	